

Company Information

Exchange	TSE 1st Section	
Industry	Machinery (Manufacturing)	
President	Yoshiaki Nagao	
HQ Address	1-7-2, Suehiro-cho, Ome-shi, Tokyo, Japan	
Year-end	End of December	
Homepage	http://www.yamabiko-corp.co.jp/english/	

Stock Information

Share Price	Number of shares issued		Total market cap	ROE (Actual)	Trading Unit
995yen	44,108,428shares		43,887million yen	7.9%	100shares
DPS (Est.)	Dividend yield (Est.)	EPS (Est.)	PER (Est.)	BPS (Actual)	PBR (Actual)
35.00yen	3.5%	108.91yen	9.1times	1,296.82yen	0.8times

*The share price is the closing price on March 11. The number of shares issued, ROE and BPS were taken from the brief financial report of the Fiscal Year December 2018 Earning Results.

Earnings Trends

Fiscal Year	Net Sales	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income	EPS	DPS
Mar. 2013 (Actual)	89,045	2,212	2,955	2,423	59.47	15.00
Mar. 2014 (Actual)	103,848	5,020	5,715	4,656	112.94	27.50
Mar. 2015 (Actual)	105,251	5,688	6,447	4,910	118.82	30.00
Mar. 2016 (Actual)	113,348	6,730	6,402	4,700	113.75	30.00
Mar. 2017 (Actual)	111,945	7,620	7,288	2,374	57.46	25.00
Dec. 2017 (Actual)	102,948	6,283	6,823	4,930	119.33	35.00
Dec. 2018(Actual)	118,049	6,290	5,957	4,188	101.39	40.00
Dec. 2019 (Forecast)	125,000	6,500	6,300	4,500	108.91	35.00

*The forecast is from the company. It undertook a 1:4 stock split as of October 1, 2015. EPS and DPS have been retrospectively adjusted. From the FY 3/16, net income is profit attributable to owners of the parent. Hereinafter the same shall apply. FY December 2017 was a 9-month one. The DPS of 40 yen for FY December 2018 includes the dividend for commemorating the 10th anniversary of the establishment of the company: 5 yen. *Unit: Million yen, yen

This report introduces YAMABIKO CORPORATION's earnings results for the fiscal year December 2018 and more.



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 *As the company revised its financial period in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales

and profit, which appeared in the body text regarding the earnings results for the term ended December 2018, was drawn under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term.

Key Points

*As the previous term is an irregular 9-month period, the year-on-year comparison was conducted based on the adjusted figures announced by the company.

- The sales for the term ended December 2018 rose slightly year on year to 118 billion yen. In Japan, although sales from outdoor power equipment were not strong, the company saw a sales increase thanks to the growth in the business of industrial machinery. Sales overseas remained almost unchanged from the previous year partially due to a strong yen and a weak dollar. In Americas, while the sales performance of outdoor power equipment was sluggish, industrial machinery grew significantly and agricultural machinery showed steady growth. Sales in Europe were almost flat compared to the previous term because of sluggish sales performance in Russia. The company achieved favorable sales growth in China with agricultural machinery and in Australia with outdoor power equipment. Operating income was 6.2 billion yen, up 5.4% year on year. Although the cost rate increased temporarily, profit was boosted by the increasing sales volume and decreasing selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses. Sales were nearly as estimated, but profit came short of the initial forecast.
- For the term ending December 2019, sales are estimated at 125.0 billion yen, up 5.9% year on year. The company is expected to see a stable sales increase in Japan. Sales are projected to recover in North America and Europe. It is forecasted that operating income will grow 3.3% year on year to 6.5 billion yen. There are compelling negative factors, such as the impact of tariffs imposed due to the U.S.-China trade disputes and an increase in labor costs in the U.S., in addition to the rising SG&A expenses, including expenses for research and development, and investment in strengthening the business foundation following the launch of a robotic product business in North America; however, it is anticipated that a profit increase will result from the growing sales volume and improved production efficiency. The exchange rate is assumed to be 1 U.S. dollar = 110 yen (which remains unchanged from the previous term) and 1 euro = 125 yen (which was 131 yen in the previous term). The ordinary dividend is to be 35 yen/share. The estimated payout ratio is 32.1%.
- The final year of the "Medium-term Management Plan 2019" finally began. Unfortunately, it seems difficult for the company to achieve an operating income of 8.8 billion yen as initially forecasted; however, the company believes that there is ample room for growing the top line by not only taking in demand mainly in overseas nations through focus on development and launch of outdoor power equipment for professional use, but also striving for significant growth in the industrial machinery business in Japan. This fiscal year will be the important year for the company to lay foundation for the next Medium-term Management Plan as regard to how much the company can increase sales from 125 billion yen this term. In the medium term, we would like to keep a close eye on how fast the robotic mowers, which showed a steady sales growth in Europe, will gain in popularity in the North American market in which the company is starting to sell the product this term.

Bridge Salon

BRIDGE REPORT

1. Company Overview

YAMABIKO CORPORATION develops, manufactures and sells outdoor power equipment (e.g. trimmers, chain saws), agricultural machinery (e.g. pest control equipment, sloop mower), industrial machinery (e.g. generators, welders) in Japan and overseas. The overseas sales occupy about 60% of their total sales. For outdoor power equipment, it has the top share in Japan and a large share in the US. Its strengths are unique production technology, a variety of product line-ups, and an excellent technical support system.

1-1 Corporate history

YAMABIKO CORPORATION started as a joint holding company established in December 2008 through a merger between KIORITZ CORPORATION (listed in the first section of the Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya Stock Exchanges), which dealt with agricultural machinery in Japan and outdoor power equipment overseas, and Shindaiwa Corporation (listed in the second section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange), which dealt with outdoor power equipment and industrial machinery globally. In October 2009, YAMABIKO CORPORATION established its current business entity by a merger through absorption of both KIORITZ and Shindaiwa.

KIORITZ CORPORATION was established in 1947 in Tokyo and originally called KIORITZ AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION. It has been a leading company in both agricultural equipment business through which they developed "Japan's first speed sprayers" and outdoor power equipment business through which they developed "Japan's first motorized backpack trimmers" and "the world's first handheld power blowers". Furthermore, since its establishment, it has been focusing on self-development of engines for outdoor power equipment. The accumulative number of engines produced in 2008, before the merger, was about 40 million.

Shindaiwa Corporation was established in 1952 in Hiroshima and was originally called Asamoto Precision Manufacturer. It developed "Japan's first electric chain saws" for the outdoor power equipment business, and manufactured and sold engine generators and engine welders for the industrial machinery business. Its strength was high technological development capabilities, as can be seen in the development of the world's first mixed fuel 4-cycle engine.

In the late 1990s, with growing concern about global warming caused by greenhouse effect gas, and as engine's emission gas control became stricter in the West, especially in the US, research and development expenses increased to comply with the new regulations. In the 2000s, the medium and small-sized companies that could not afford these expenses went through rapid industry restructuring on a global scale in the outdoor power equipment industry.

Moreover, the business environment became further uncertain due to a flood of cheaper products from newly emerging countries and diversification of customers' needs.

Under these circumstances, the two companies concluded a business and capital alliance agreement in May 2007 on the premise of future business integration in order to strengthen the vitality to survive and win the intensifying competition.

In December 2008, YAMABIKO CORPORATION was established as a joint holding company to achieve better efficiency and expansion for all its businesses including development, manufacturing, logistics, sales and management. In October 2009, YAMABIKO CORPORATION conducted an absorption-type merger of KIORITZ and Shindaiwa and became the current business entity.

The company name "YAMABIKO" derives from the mountain god, "Yamabiko". Its corporate philosophy is to "create the bridge that bonds people and nature with the future". This expresses the company's willingness to contribute to the conservation and improvement of the nature and environment.



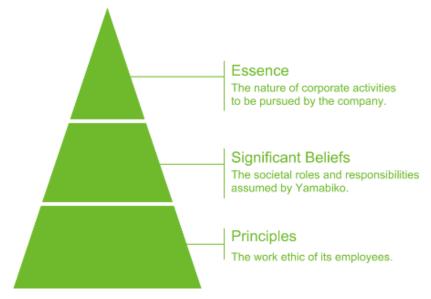
1-2 Corporate philosophy, etc.

YAMABIKO Group's corporate philosophy is formed from three elements: "Essence", "Purpose of Existence" and "Code of Conduct".

"Essence", which incorporates both "Purpose of Existence" and "Code of Conduct", expresses in a single word what YAMABIKO Group aims to be as a company, and the essence of its corporate activities.

"Purpose of Existence" sets out the role and responsibilities of YAMABIKO Group in society, and makes a commitment to this.

"Code of Conduct" defines the attitude of each YAMABIKO Group employee in relation to their work.



(From the Company's website)

<Essence>

Create the bridge that bonds people and nature with the future.

<Significant Beliefs>

*Offer the best products and service in the world.

*Support people and companies committed to sustaining nature and the environment.

*Lead the industry through the creation of new markets and customers, ultimately resulting in growth for tomorrow.

*Provide a sense of fulfillment for all persons affiliated with YAMABIKO CORPORATION.

<Principles>

*Observe change and anticipate the future.

*Combine fact with theory.

*Break the status quo through innovation and creativity.

*Think and act with the spirit and vitality of a globally competitive company.

*Conduct oneself with sincerity and grace.

In addition, the company established 14 detailed measures that augment the Code of Conduct to facilitate the implementation of business activities in accordance with the corporate philosophy.

President Nagao disseminates messages that are based on "Essence", "Purpose of Existence" and "Code of Conduct" at various occasions. They are also making daily efforts so that the corporate philosophy would lead to each employee's actual activities in each workplace.



* Profile of President Yoshiaki Nagao

President Yoshiaki Nagao was born in February 1953 (Age 66). Since his childhood, he enjoyed "creation" such as building plastic models. When he was in the middle school, his interest grew in automobiles, especially those made in the US. He majored in "combustion engineering" in graduate school, where he studied engines. He began working at KIORITZ CORPORATION in April 1978.

At KIORITZ, he worked at the research department. He was involved with research and development of various engines, especially chain saws engines, under the corporate culture that supported the employees' spirit to find and work on the issues of their interest. Instead of focusing on his research only in the lab, he went out to the mountains and interviewed woodsmen who were the users of their products to hear opinions and identify the demands in detail.

After working in the technology area for most of his time at KIORITZ, he was appointed as President and CEO of ECHO Incorporated, an affiliate of KIORITZ in the US in February 2006. His focus at ECHO Incorporated was to observe the actual situation of the emission gas control regulations in the US, to find measures to meet the regulations, and to enhance the users' satisfaction. During the merger process of KIORITZ and Shindaiwa, he facilitated fast and drastic organization of the local sales routes. He recalled, "It was an important step to diversify my work".

After the establishment of YAMABIKO CORPORATION, he managed to implement smooth integration as a board director / managing officer / industrial machinery division officer in Hiroshima where the head office of Shindaiwa Corporation was located. In June 2011, he was appointed CEO and President of YAMABIKO CORPORATION.

1-3 Market environment

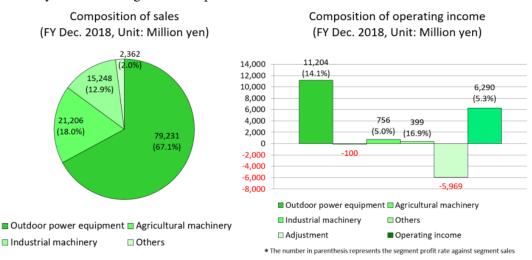
Although no detailed statistics about the outdoor power equipment market is available, it is known that the largest market is in North America including the US, followed by Europe. In Japan, about 1 million outdoor power equipment/tools are sold per year. The indicators that may impact the company's trend in the earnings include "number of housing start", "commodity price", and "crude oil price" for the overseas market and "rice price" for the Japanese market.

The company recognizes that there are two global manufacturers of outdoor power equipment in Europe (Germany and Sweden).

1-4 Business contents

1-4-1 Segment

YAMABIKO Group operates businesses in three sectors: Outdoor power equipment, Agricultural machinery and Industrial machinery. These three segments are reported.



(Developed by us based on YAMABIKO CORPORATION's financial report.)



"Outdoor power equipment business"

YAMABIKO CORPORATION manufactures and sells handheld or backpack-style forestry and landscape maintenance machinery powered by small internal combustion engines. The main products include chain saws, trimmers, power blowers, hedge trimmers, etc.

In Nov. 2014, the company acquired "Belrobotics SA," a Belgian venture company, which develops, manufactures, and sells robotic mowers for professional use. (In Jan. 2017, Belrobotics SA was renamed "Yamabiko Europe SA" for the purpose of enhancing sales in Europe.)

Based on the accumulated experiences and know-how and excellent development capabilities that meet the customers' needs, YAMABIKO CORPORATION continues to produce high performance, highly durable and high-quality engines.

<Chain saws>



< Trimmers >



< Power blowers >



(Gasoline engine system)

The engines for outdoor power equipment such as chain saws and trimmers are mainly 2-stroke gasoline engines. As described later, the company's excellent capability to develop engines is one of their most important features/strengths. Brief information concerning the company's engines is provided below because knowing the gasoline engine system and characteristics of each engine type helps to understand the business of the company,

Basically, a gasoline engine generates power by moving the piston down with the combustion of gasoline through the following 4 steps.

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Step	Overview
1. Intake	The air-fuel mixture is sucked in a cylinder.
2. Compression	The air-fuel mixture in the cylinder is compressed as the piston moves up.
3. Expansion	When the air-fuel mixture is compressed the most, a spark is generated to ignite. Expansion from burning
	pushes the piston down.
4. Exhaust	The burned gas is discharged to outside.

Reciprocating motion of the piston is converted into revolution by a crankshaft. The rotating motion turns the rotating shaft of axel of a car or revolving shaft of a chain saw.

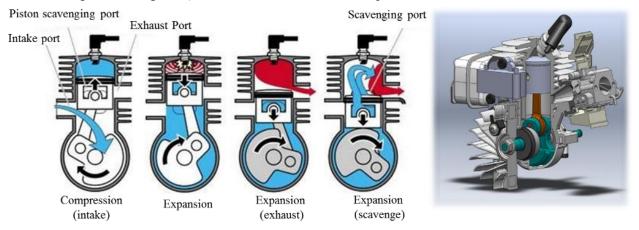
The gasoline engine is largely categorized in two types (2-stroke engine and 4-stroke engine), depending on the number of reciprocating motions by piston to complete "1 cycle" of the 4 steps.

"2-stroke engine"

One power cycle is completed by 2-stroke. In other words, a power is generated by "1 piston reciprocating motion, 1 crankshaft revolution".

First stroke (piston moving up): "Intake" and "compression" of air-fuel mixture occur.

Second stroke (piston moving down): Piston moves down due to the "expansion" of air-fuel mixture and "exhaust" occurs later.



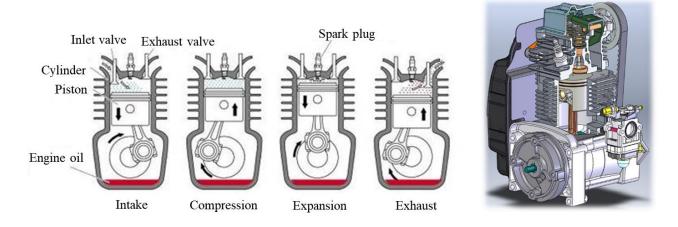
"4-stroke engine"

One power cycle is completed by 4-stroke. A power is generated by "2 piston reciprocating motions, 2 crankshaft revolutions". First stroke (piston moving down): "Intake" of air-fuel mixture occurs.

Second stroke (piston moving up): "Compression" of air-fuel mixture occurs.

Third stroke (piston moving down): Piston rapidly moves down as a result of "expansion".

Fourth stroke (piston moving up): Combusted gas is "exhausted".





The advantage of the 4-stroke engine is the easy control of intake and exhaust. However, its structure is complicated compared with a 2-stroke engine, because the intake/exhaust valves of a 4-stroke engine are installed at the cylinder head, while intake and exhaust of a 2-stroke engine occur at the port that is located on the body of the cylinder. Because of this structure, the weight of a 4-stroke engine is heavier than a 2-stroke engine.

On the other hand, a 2-stroke engine has a larger ratio of burning engine oil and fuel in order to make smooth piston motion and blow-by of air-fuel mixture. This means it releases more harmful substances in the exhaust gas as compared with a 4-stroke engine. However, because of its simple structure and smaller number of parts, the 2-stroke engine can be smaller and lighter. The overhaul is also easier for the same reasons. Therefore, a 2-stroke engine is the most appropriate engine for outdoor power equipment.

"Agricultural machinery business"

YAMABIKO CORPORATION manufactures and sells pest control equipment for Japan and agricultural harvesting equipment for North America.

Its major products include pest control equipment (speed sprayers, mounted equipment for cropland pest control, power sprayers), sloop mower, soy and potato harvesters, etc.

YAMABIKO CORPORATION's technological strengths in this business segment are KIORITZ's blowing, spraying, and pumping technology as well as technology to create small and light equipment. These technological capabilities have been built up over many years at KIORITZ.

< Speed sprayers>

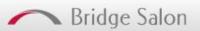
< Mounted equipment for cropland pest control>





< Sloop mowers>





"Industrial machinery business"

YAMABIKO CORPORATION manufactures and sells equipment for construction, civil engineering and iron works. Its major products include generators, welders, lighting equipment, cutting machines and high-pressure washers.

Technological strengths in this business segment are established by long years of R&D which began at the time when YAMABIKO CORPORATION started business as Shindaiwa, and such strengths can be found in alternator designing capability improved by their efforts for alternative current motor development, as well as technologies for electronic control and noise prevention.

< Generators>





"Others"

The company manufactures and sells accessories and the parts for after purchasing service for various machines and equipment. The profitability in this segment is the highest in all segments.

<Maintenance kit>

<Nylon trimmer line>

<Fuel/Oil>+



1-4-2 Brand

YAMABIKO CORPORATION was established based on the integration of two companies. The products of both companies are well recognized both in Japan and overseas for many years. Therefore, YAMABIKO CORPORATION maintains the brand names as KIORITZ, Shindaiwa, and ECHO.

YAMABIKO CORPORATION is proactively investing in marketing as well as exploring new sales routes to enhance its brand values.



Domestic brand that sells outdoor power equipment and agricultural machinery.

shindaiwa

Global brand that sells outdoor power equipment and industrial machinery.



Global brand that sells outdoor power equipment and agricultural machinery.



1-4-3 Development structure

Each business segment is working on development with a focus on the following priority issues.

Business	Priority issues for development				
Outdoor power	\diamond To comply with exhaust gas regulations at the global level				
equipment	\diamondsuit To comply with fuel permeability regulations in North America				
	\diamondsuit To comply with noise and vibration regulations in Europe				
	\diamond To create smaller and lighter equipment with low noise, low fuel consumption and				
	high durability				
	\diamondsuit To improve safety				
Agricultural machinery	\diamond To achieve reduction of drift, proper quantity of spraying, high performance, and easy				
	operation				
Industrial machinery	\diamond To create smaller and lighter machinery with low noise, high performance, high				
	function, and low fuel consumption				

The exhaust gas regulations are expected to be further tightened in the future. Therefore, addressing them is of paramount importance.

In addition, the company is conducting research on control technology in the field of electronic control.

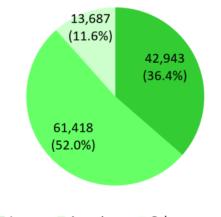
1-4-4 Production structure

The company has 3 plants (Yokosuka, Morioka, and Hiroshima) and 4 production related subsidiaries in Japan and a total of 8 production related subsidiaries in the USA, Belgium, China and Vietnam.

1-4-5 Sales route and sales methods

The company supplies its products in over 90 countries for about 28,000 stores. More than 60% of the sales are from overseas sales.

Sales by region (FY Dec. 2018, Unit: Million yen)



📕 Japan 🛛 📕 Americas 🖉 Other overseas

<Domestic market>

Seven sales subsidiaries, which were separated mainly by region, were merged into YAMABIKO JAPAN CO., LTD. in April 2017, with the aim of allocating management resources in a more efficient manner, strengthening sales capabilities, and improving customer services through a unified management system and integral operation of business assets.

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YAMABIKO JAPAN CO., LTD sells the products to distributors, ZEN-NOH (National Federation of Agricultural Cooperative Associations), home improvement retailers, and construction machinery rental companies, etc. Through them, the products are supplied to the end users including farmers/foresters, companies in the construction, civil engineering and iron industries and landscapers.

The company presents their products in exhibitions in collaboration with dealers and distributors and facilitates sales through demonstration and test drive.

Furthermore, the company accompanies dealers to visit end users to understand their needs and utilize the information for product development.

<North American market>

ECHO Incorporated Group, one of the company's subsidiaries, sells the products to The Home Depot (*) and other distributors, through which the products are supplied to the end users such as landscapers, homeowners, farmers/foresters, and companies in the construction/civil engineering industry.

*The Home Depot

The Home Depot, Inc. is the world's largest home improvement retailer and construction products and services. It was established in 1978. Sales in 2018 were US\$108.2 billion and net income was US\$11.1 billion. It has over 2,200 stores in the US, Canada and Mexico. It is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. (Excerpted from the company's website)

The Home Depot classifies their products into GOOD, BETTER and BEST in accordance with the quality. It is only YAMABIKO CORPORATION that supplies the high-quality BEST products to The Home Depot. This is one of the proofs that the company's products are highly reputed in the North American market.

In the Central and South American market, ECHO Incorporated, one of the company's subsidiaries, sells the products to the distributors of each country, and then, the products are supplied to the end users through dealers.

Yamabiko Europe SA in Europe and ECHO MACHINERY (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd. in China, both of which are subsidiaries of Yamabiko, sell products to distributors in their respective countries

Asia and other areas, YAMABIKO CORPORATION sells the products to the distributors in each country.

The overseas dealers display the products by brand, and salesperson conducts person-to-person sales while understanding the needs of the end users.

The home improvement retailer also displays the products by type and price. The end users purchase the products based on the needs, budget and image they have from advertisement, etc.

1-5 Characteristics and strengths

1-5-1 Unique production and technological capabilities and vertically integrated production

The most important characteristics and strengths of the company are the "unique production and technological capabilities and vertically integrated production capabilities".

Their mainstay 2-stroke engines that are mounted to the outdoor power equipment are manufactured by an integrated production system solely by the company from development, procurement of aluminum, molding, parts production, processing to assembly, which is said to be unique anywhere in the world. The power sources for the products of agricultural machinery and industrial machinery are also engines, but they are mostly procured externally.

The company solves various issues with their unique technologies including iron plating and electric discharge processing. This is resulting in the quality improvement and production capacity improvement of the company. Specifically, the company has established the following technologies.



<Example 1: Iron plating>

Plating is a surface covering method in which the surface of a metal is covered by a thin layer of another metal. For engine production, inside of the cylinder should be plated to avoid abrasion caused by friction with a piston.

The conventional method is to use chrome plating from durability and cost perspectives. However, chrome plating gives negative impact on the environment. Its production efficiency is also low. Therefore, there was an increasing demand for different materials for plating.

The company has been working on "iron plating" since 1978 to reduce environmental load.

Initially, they could produce only hundreds per day. However, as a result of improved productivity, enhanced plating precision, and reduction of environmental load, the company now has the iron plating technology that does not require finish processing. Their technology has drastically smaller environmental load. Furthermore, their daily production capacity increased significantly, reaching thousands.

The company holds 5 patents related to iron plating.

<Example 2: Electric discharge processing>

As described above, a 2-stroke engine requires a smaller number of parts and has a simpler structure as compared to a 4-stroke engine. Therefore, it is most suitable for the "handheld" and "backpack-style" outdoor power equipment. However, it releases some fuel mixed gas. In order to respond to the increasingly strict exhaust gas regulations globally, the company was faced with a challenge to control the flow of the fuel mixed gas for efficient burning.

In order to achieve it, the company explored the production methods to modify the internal shape of the cylinder (by installing a wall between the fuel mixed gas passage and internal shape of the cylinder).

A "wall" can be created by die-casting (*), but it requires a horizontal hole to lead the fuel mixed gas to a combustion chamber. With die-casting, it was impossible to create a horizontal hole. It was also difficult to carry out machining due to small space in the chamber.

The company came up with the idea of using "electric discharge processing (*)" to create a form while taking advantage of diecasting.

Although electric discharge processing enabled to create complicated forms, it was costly due to long processing time and high electrode consumption. The company conducted research on processing conditions for a large volume production and developed designs of special electrode form. As a result, it succeeded in producing a large volume of products, by shortening processing time, saving personnel, lowering the cost of electrode and enhancing efficiency.

Having obtained three patents related to electrode processing, the company has established the unique technology that cannot be imitated by other companies.

(*) Die-casting

Die-casting is one of the metal mold casting methods. By injecting melted metal in a metallic mold, a large amount of casting with high precision can be produced within a short period of time. It enables to create a thin product at low cost.

(*) Electric discharge processing

Electric discharge processing is a machine processing method to remove a part of the surface of a non-processed workpiece through repeated electrode discharge at short cycles between electrode and the non-processed workpiece. It enables to cut out complicated outline on extremely hard steel.

With "advanced capabilities for creation" such as the above-mentioned technologies, the Company not only complies with exhaust gas regulations but also responds to various needs including weight reduction, enhancing durability and cost reduction. It succeeded in developing and mass-producing "a light weight and highly durable 2-stroke engine that meets the exhaust gas regulations".

While many companies in the world are forced to leave the industry because they cannot address these issues, YAMABIKO CORPORATION continues to make further development as a leading manufacturer.



1-5-2 Unique research and development capabilities for each business segment

The company's capability to address environmental issues is high. The company possesses one of the highest number of US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-accredited engines in the world.

Furthermore, not only for outdoor power equipment, the company also has unique research and development capabilities for the agricultural machinery and industrial machinery. Based on the technological capacities that have been accumulated by KIORITZ and Shindaiwa for many years, the company is further brushing up the capabilities.

1-5-3 Extensive product lineup and expansion of sales network and domestic services network

The company has an extensive lineup of products that meet various needs of the customers in each of the three business segments.

It also currently supplies the products to about 28,000 stores in more than 90 countries across the world.

As a result of merging KIORITZ and Shindaiwa, YAMABIKO CORPORATION's product lineup and sales network were further expanded.

With the aim of improving the satisfaction level of diversifying users, the company established "Yamabiko Service Shop" inside Japan in 2013, and is operating service systems for maintenance, repair a failure, etc., which are not offered by competitors, throughout Japan. The number of affiliated shops is 430 as of Mar.2019.

1-5-4 Excellent technical support system

The company also provides excellent technical support in order to enhance credibility of the products and strengthen the relationships with distributors and dealers.

In addition to offering about 40 service schools annually both in Japan and abroad, in 2018, the company started to provide a new e-learning course using its originally developed teaching materials targeted at overseas distributors in an attempt to enhance their repair skills and deepen their understanding of the mechanism of the engines.

Furthermore, the European subsidiary of the company organizes road show-style education and training sessions for nurturing trainers at distributors, and lecture classes designed for distributors' salespersons, endeavoring to further fortify its service capabilities.

1-5-5 High product share

By demonstrating the above-mentioned characteristics and strengths (1-5-1) to (1-5-4) in an integrated manner, the company is becoming highly competitive at a global level. For the outdoor power equipment business, the company has the top market share (more than 30%) in Japan and is ranked high in North America, the largest market.

	FY 3/12	FY 3/13	FY 3/14	FY 3/15	FY 3/16	FY 3/17	FY 12/17	FY 12/18
ROE (%)	7.9	8. 7	14.5	12.4	10.4	5.1	9.9	7.9
Net income margin [%]	2.27	2.72	4.48	4.67	4.15	2.12	4.79	3.55
Total asset turnover [times]	1.14	1.13	1.28	1.18	1.21	1.20	1.05	1.18
Leverage [times]	3.04	2.85	2.52	2.26	2.08	2.00	1.98	1.91

1-6 Return on Equity (ROE) Analysis

The estimated net income margin for this term is 3.60%, which is at almost the same level as the previous term. Although leverage is showing a downward trend, the company is expected to achieve a ROE of around 8%.



2. Fiscal Year December 2018 Earnings Results

	FY12/18	Ratio to sales	YOY	Compared with the initial forecasts	Compared with revised forecasts
Sales	118,049	100.0%	+1.0%	-1.6%	+0.0%
Domestic	42,943	36.4%	+2.1%	-	-
Oversea	75,105	63.6%	+0.3%	-	-
Americas	61,418	52.0%	-0.3%	-	-
Other overseas	13,687	11.6%	+3.5%	-	-
Gross margin	33,266	28.2%	-0.0%	-2.7%	-2.2%
SG&A	26,976	22.9%	-1.1%	+0.3%	-0.8%
Operating income	6,290	5.3%	+5.4%	-13.8%	-7.5%
Ordinary income	5,957	5.0%	-5.6%	-14.9%	-8.4%
Net income	4,188	3.5%	+17.1%	-19.5%	-12.8%

2-1 Consolidated Business Results

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. Net income means profit attributable to owners of parent.

*Unit: Million yen

Sales slightly increased, and operating income grew thanks to the rising sales volume.

Sales slightly grew year on year to 118.0 billion yen. In Japan, although sales from outdoor power equipment were sluggish and those from agricultural machinery were almost flat compared to the previous year, industrial machinery showed significant growth, resulting in an overall sales increase. Sales overseas remained almost unchanged from the previous year partially due to a strong yen and a weak dollar. In Americas, while the sales performance of outdoor power equipment was sluggish, industrial machinery grew significantly and agricultural machinery showed steady growth. Sales in Europe were nearly flat compared to the previous term because of sluggish sales performance in Russia. The company achieved a favorable sales growth in China with agricultural machinery and in Australia with outdoor power equipment.

Operating income was 6.2 billion yen, up 5.4% year on year. Although the real cost rate increased temporarily, profit was boosted by the increasing sales volume and decreasing selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses.

Sales were nearly as estimated, but profit came short of the initial forecast.

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2-2 Trends by Segment

	FY12/17	Composition ratio	FY12/18	Composition ratio	YOY
Outdoor power equipment	80,975	69.3%	79,231	67.1%	-2.2%
Agricultural machinery	20,538	17.6%	21,206	18.0%	+3.3%
Industrial machinery	13,139	11.2%	15,248	12.9%	+16.1%
Others	2,261	1.9%	2,362	2.0%	+4.5%
Sales	116,915	100.0%	118,049	100.0%	+1.0%
Outdoor power equipment	11,887	14.7%	11,204	14.1%	-5.7%
Agricultural machinery	-411	-	-100	-	-
Industrial machinery	-1	-	756	5.0%	-
Others	399	17.6%	399	16.9%	-0.1%
Adjusted amount	-5,906	-	-5,969	-	
Operating income	5,967	5.1%	6,290	5.3%	+5.4%

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. The composition ratio for operating income means the ratio of operating income to sales.

*Unit: Million yen

Outdoor power equipment						
FY12/18	YOY					
79,231	-2.2%					
13,299	-2.0%					
65,932	-2.2%					
	FY12/18 79,231 13,299					

* Outdoor power equipment

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. *Unit: Million yen

(Japan)

While sales of power blowers grew steadily following the release of new models, sales of trimmers, which is the company's mainstay, went down in the demand season from the spring through the summer due to the unfavorable weather, and besides, spare parts for trimmers, too, did not sell well because of a drop in operation hours by customers.

(Overseas)

In North America, which is the company's primary market, sales through distributors were strong owing to enrichment of the high-quality product lineup for professional use, "X series," and a variety of promotions; however, sales of trimmers mainly through The Home Depot shrank due to the poor weather, and the sales volume was at the same level as the previous term. In addition, the prolonged stagnant sales performance in South and Central America and the effect of the yen appreciation resulted in a sales decrease in Americas in yen terms.

In other regions than Americas, the company released new models for trimmers and chain saws in Western Europe and sales from them grew on a steady basis, slightly increasing the sales volume there with the impact of the extreme heat that occurred in the demand season being offset. Sales in Russia, however, dropped because the sales volume fell off sharply.



* Agricultural machinery

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	FY12/18	YOY
Sales	21,206	+3.3%
Japan	15,578	+0.6%
Overseas	5,628	+11.5%

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. *Unit: Million yen

(Japan)

Although large boom sprayers for crop farming and mowers showed sales drops in the wake of the unfavorable weather and natural disasters, sloop mowers, for which demand is escalating as labor-saving and more efficient machinery, continued growing steadily, resulting in sales that remained at the same level as the previous year.

(Overseas)

In Americas, amid a continuous fall in commodity prices, sales increased because the sales volume of potato-related products rose healthily and the company started to sell mounted equipment for pest control for the Chinese market this term.

*Industrial machinery

	FY12/18	YOY
Sales	15,248	+16.0%
Japan	11,761	+8.9%
Overseas	3,486	+48.8%

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. *Unit: Million yen

(Japan)

Sales went up owing to the growth in the company's core products, generators and lighting equipment mainly for construction machinery rental companies for the purpose of restoration work from natural disaster and maintenance of infrastructure. Furthermore, welders also showed a sales rise.

(Overseas)

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The effort to develop sales channels chiefly in North America expanded the sales volume of generators, resulting in a significant sales increase.

^ Other						
	FY12/18	YOY				
Sales	2,362	+4.5%				
Japan	2,304	+4.5%				
Overseas	58	+2.4%				

*As the company's financial period was revised in the previous term ended December 2017, the year-on-year comparison of sales and profit was carried out under the assumption that the previous term began and ended in the same months as the current term ending December 2018. *Unit: Million yen

Sales increased because of the growth in snow blowers.



2-3 Financial condition and Cash flow

*Main BS					
	End of Dec.	End of Dec.		End of Dec.	End of Dec.
	2017	2018		2017	2018
Current assets	67,385	68,722	Current liabilities	34,873	36,578
Cash and deposits	5,279	4,641	Trade payables	20,226	19,439
Trade receivables	23,883	25,228	Short-term interest-bearing debts	7,735	10,696
Inventories	34,671	35,650	Noncurrent liabilities	14,451	9,626
Noncurrent assets	33,764	31,060	Long-term interest-bearing debts	9,852	5,756
Property, plant and equipment	25,352	24,994	Total liabilities	49,325	46,204
Intangible assets	1,158	896	Net assets	51,825	53,577
Investments and other assets	7,253	5,169	Equity	48,829	52,108
Total assets	101,150	99,782	Total liabilities and net assets	101,150	99,782

*Trade payables include electronically recorded accounts payable.

*Unit: Million yen

Current assets increased 1.3 billion yen from the end of the previous term, due to the increase in trade receivables, etc. Noncurrent assets decreased 2.7 billion yen, due to the decline in investments and other assets.

Total assets shrank 1.3 billion yen from the end of the previous term to 99.7 billion yen.

Long-term interest-bearing debts decreased, resulting in total liabilities of 46.2 billion yen, down 3.1 billion yen from the end of the previous term.

While retained earnings rose, treasury stocks increased in number and valuation difference on available-for-sale securities fell off. This brought net assets of 53.5 billion yen which went down by 1.7 billion yen from the end of the previous term. Consequently, the equity ratio grew 2.5% from the end of the previous term to 53.7%.

The balance of short-term and long-term interest-bearing debts stood at 16.4 billion yen, down 1.1 billion yen from the end of the previous term.

	FY12/17	FY12/18	Increase/Decrease
Operating CF	6,974	4,433	-2,541
Investing CF	-4,175	-3,172	+1,003
Free CF	2,799	1,261	-1,538
Financing CF	-1,841	-2,254	-413
Cash and equivalents	5,279	4,641	-638

* Cash flow

*Unit: Million yen

Simple comparison of increases and decreases between this term and the previous term cannot be made because the term ended December 2017 was a nine-month fiscal period. Although operating and free CFs were still in surplus, they shrank due to a host of factors, including decreases in income before income taxes and accounts payable. The cash position dropped.

2-4 Topics

2-4-1 New plant completed in Vietnam

The construction of a new plant that the company was building in Vietnam, YAMABIKO VIETNAM CO., LTD. (in Binh Duong Province, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam) was completed. With this plant, the company aims to fortify the capacity for manufacturing power generating parts for generators, which are the company's major product in the Industrial machinery business. The total area of the land is 10,000 m² and that of the building is 2,215 m².

The company will start operation of the plant in April 2019 and plans to expand the production capabilities by 70% in 2019 compared with the actual production results in 2018.



2-4-2 Efforts to raise productivity and profitability

The company has been reforming its production process since 2018 by setting up a special team that is dedicated to improving production efficiency.

With regard to a shift to a new production system, which is a "PULL" strategy-based system that is a method of synchronizing manufacturing and sales activities, the company completed changes in model lines at 3 bases in Japan in December 2018. It will start applying the system to all the lines in 2019 and complete the shift by the end of the same year.

Furthermore, it will strive to cut down on the production lead time by 30% and continue putting forth efforts to reduce costs through higher built-in quality at the production process, an inventory reduction, and improvement in productivity.

3. Fiscal Year December 2019 Earnings Estimates

3-1 Full-year earnings forecast

	FY 12/18	Ratio to sales	FY 12/19(Forecast)	Ratio to sales	YOY
Sales	118,049	100.0%	125,000	100.0%	+5.9%
Gross margin	33,266	28.2%	34,500	27.6%	+3.7%
SG&A	26,976	22.9%	28,000	22.4%	+3.8%
Operating income	6,290	5.3%	6,500	5.2%	+3.3%
Ordinary income	5,957	5.0%	6,300	5.0%	+5.8%
Net income	4,188	3.5%	4,500	3.6%	+7.4%

*The forecast was those released by the company.

*Unit: Million yen

Sales and profit will increase thanks to favorable sales growth in Japan and recovery in sales overseas.

Sales are estimated at 125.0 billion yen, up 5.9% year on year. The company is expected to see a stable sales increase in Japan. Sales are projected to recover in North America and Europe.

It is forecasted that operating income will grow 3.3% year on year to 6.5 billion yen. There are compelling negative factors, such as the rising SG&A expenses, including expenses for research and development, and investment in strengthening the business foundation following the launch of a robotic product business in North America, in addition to the impact of tariffs imposed due to the U.S.-China trade disputes and an increase in labor costs in the U.S.; however, it is anticipated that a profit increase will result from the growing sales volume and improved production efficiency.

The exchange rate is assumed to be 1 U.S. dollar = 110 Japanese yen (which remains unchanged from the previous term) and 1 euro = 125 Japanese yen (which was 131 Japanese yen in the previous term).

The ordinary dividend is to be 35 yen/share. The estimated payout ratio is 32.1%.

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3-2 Sales Outloo	k by Region	
Region	Sales increase/decrease (JPY100 million)	Overview
Japan	+20	Sales from outdoor power equipment, agricultural machinery, and industrial machinery are expected to increase in all of the company's businesses thanks not only to the release of new models and various measures to expand sales channels that bore fruit, but also to the soaring demand for infrastructure maintenance and the last-minute demand before a tax rise.
Americas	+35	In North America that is the company's primary market, sales are expected to increase significantly following not only the release of new models of outdoor power equipment, and a launch of robotic mowers, but also the expansion of the sales volume of industrial machinery.
Europe	+3	Although the sales performance will continue to be sluggish in Russia, sales are expected to increase mainly in Western Europe through the effects of various sales expansion measures at local subsidiaries whose sales functions have been strengthened.
Other countries	+9	Sales from outdoor power equipment are expected to increase mainly in Asia and Oceania.

4. 2019 Medium-term Management Plan – Activities in the major market

The situations of the primary measures and recent efforts in each region for achieving sales of 125 billion yen in the term ending December 2019 are as follows.

4-1 North American market

The company anticipates that the engine product market will rebound in its outdoor power equipment business in 2019. The company aims to further improve its brand power and market share by expanding sales via its major sales channels, which are distributors and The Home Depot.

(Various Efforts)

*The company enhances the brand power through continuous promotions of the highest-class products "X series," which will contribute to improving professionals' work efficiency. It increases market share by releasing products for professional use that lead the industry.

*The company increases the number of The Home Depot stores that sell strategic products of the company.

*The company continues to place advertisements in the sports field, such as Major League Baseball (MLB) and Major League Soccer (MLS), for the purpose of further prospecting for markets targeted at home owners.

*The company strives to raise sales from accessories which are highly profitable.

*The company started selling robotic mowers in the North American market this term. It will aim to increase sales mainly in the sports field. It is enriching the business base of the subsidiaries in the U.S. and making a steady progress with building up sales networks. The robotic mowers of ECHO Robotics, "TM-2000," received 2019 STMA INNOVATIVE AWARD bestowed by the industry organization, Sports Turf Managers Association (STMA), which is pursuing expertise in management of turf in the sports field. The product was highly recognized for its abilities to cut down on time, cost, and resources required for managing turf. The company will endeavor to increase customer awareness of its products in a swift manner by making the best of these achievements.



4-2 European market

The company aims to popularize the brand by implementing the growth strategies of major distributors and promoting the sales of robotic mowers.

(Various Efforts)

Yamabiko Europe goes into full-scale operation. The company places France, Italy, Germany, Spain, Benelux, Greece and Baltic States as priority area and is going to realize the growth strategy of main distributors. It will reinforce sales promotion and digital marketing of robotic mowers, and expand the products for professionals, such as chain saws. It is going to increase the presence in the market for professionals and improving a brand image.

The market of robotic mowers is expected to keep growing. The company is going to cultivate new demands such as airports as well as sports.

4-3 Japanese market

The company aims to expand its market share by expanding its sales channels and OEM supply and enhancing the capability of offering services.

(Various Efforts)

*The company expects that all of the 3 businesses will grow through synergy effects unique to YAMABIKO JAPAN CO., LTD., which has been established through integration of dealers, including dealers that sell industrial machinery products, such as generators, for new customer bases in the agriculture and forestry fields, such as farmers using agricultural houses and livestock farmers.

It proactively runs a wide range of campaigns in an attempt to increase sales.

*The company handles the demand of farmers who are shifting from wet-rice farming to crop farming, and increases sales from agricultural machinery.

*The company takes in steady demand for construction and infrastructure investment and expects an increase in sales from industrial machinery.

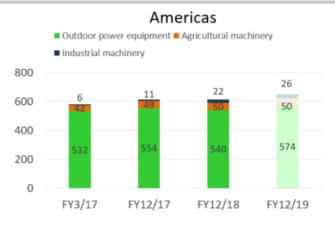
4-4 Industrial machinery

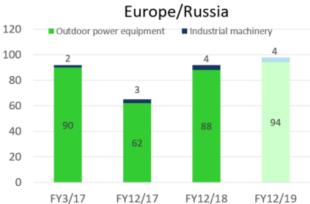
In the Medium-term Management Plan, sales of 11.0 billion yen in Japan and sales of 3.2 billion yen in overseas nations are forecasted for the term ending December 2019, but the company achieved both of the targets a year ahead of schedule in the term ended December 2018.

It will redouble the efforts to "take in demand rising from preparations for 2020 Tokyo Olympic Games, fortify product competitiveness, and enhance sales and service capabilities" in Japan, and "develop new markets, establish an OEM business, expand sales routes, and enrich product lineup" in overseas countries.

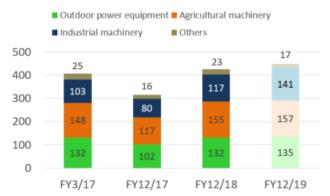
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Japan



* The values for FY12/19 are forecasts. The results for FY 3/17 are indicated after adjustments in segment composition (non-audited). Unit:100 million yen.

Regarding outdoor power equipment, sales are expected to rise in all of the three markets compared to 2018. It is projected that industrial machinery will grow considerably in Japan.

	Results for FY 3/17	Results for FY 12/17 (12 months)	Forecast for FY 12/18	Results for FY 12/18	Forecast for FY 12/19
Sales	1,119	1,169	1,200	1,180	1,250
Operating income	76	59	78	62	65
Operating income rate	6.8%	5.0%	6.5%	5.3%	5.2%
Net income	23	35	55	41	45
ROE	5.1%	-	10% more	7.9%	-

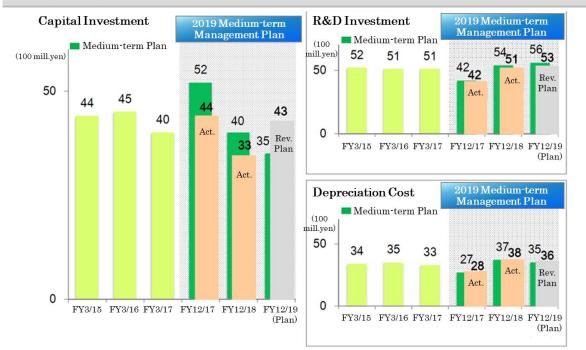
4-5 Numerical goals and plans

*Unit: 100 Million yen

While a sales estimate remains unchanged at 125.0 billion yen for the term ending December 2019, the forecast for operating income has been revised downwardly from 8.8 billion yen to 6.5 billion yen.

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(From the Company's website)

As the capital investments for the terms ended Dec. 2017 and 2018 fell short of their respective estimates, the company has made an upward revision for this term. The company will make capital investment in a continuous and accurate manner for further business growth.

5. Conclusions

The final year of the "Medium-term Management Plan 2019" finally began. Unfortunately, it seems difficult for the company to achieve an operating income of 8.8 billion yen as initially forecasted; however, the company believes that there is ample room for growing the top line by not only taking in demand mainly in overseas nations through focus on development and launch of outdoor power equipment for professional use, but also striving for significant growth in the industrial machinery business in Japan. This fiscal year will be the important year for the company to lay foundation for the next Medium-term Management Plan as regard to how much the company can increase sales from 125 billion yen this term. In the medium term, we would like to keep a close eye on how fast the robotic mowers, which showed a steady sales growth in Europe, will gain in popularity in the North American market in which the company is starting to sell the product this term.



<Reference1 Regarding "2019 Medium-term Management Plan">

Outline of "2019 Medium-term Management Plan"

① Basic policy and vision

The company set two visions for clearly sharing what kind of company they should aim to develop in the medium to long term.

 Yamabiko Sustainability
 Remaining a company that earns trust from the public

To contribute to the growth of society and make all people connected to YAMABIKO CORPORATION happy, by growing sustainably with a firm management base.

Yamabiko Innovation & Diversity	Constantly adapting to become an engaging company
To improve its corporate value by creating innovative products and manufacturing and selling products and offering services	
globally, and satisfy a variety of values of people connected to YAMABIKO CORPORATION.	

The company considers that the period of "2019 Medium-term Management Plan" is for exerting the effects of active investment conducted during the period of the previous Medium-term Management Plan.

2 Key initiatives

In order to actualize the visions set in the above basic policy, the company will take the following key initiatives.

Key initiatives	Outline		
(1) To strengthen product	1. To develop products mounted with lightweight high-performance engines in		
competitiveness	the business of outdoor power equipment		
	To improve competitiveness further with a product lineup expecting the		
	tightening of emissions control in the future, the spread of battery products, etc.		
	2. To introduce next-generation robotic mowers and promote global business		
	The company will develop new products by applying the robot development technology.		
(2) To hone the capabilities of selling and	1. In the business of outdoor power equipment, the company will try to improve		
offering services	its brand power and expand its share further with new marketing strategies, etc.		
	in North America, which is their major target area.		
	In the European market, the company aims to actualize the growth strategies of major distributors for expanding the sales and improve the level of services		
	through the utilization of Yamabiko Europe SA, which was established in Jan. 2017.		
	For the agricultural machinery business, the company will sell pest control machines on a full-scale basis outside Japan, mainly in Asia.		
	For the industrial machinery business, the company will cultivate and expand		
	sales channels in the U.S. market, which is the largest, and Asian markets, to intensify overseas business activities.		
	2. Inside Japan, the company aims to expand its share in each business, by pursuing the integration synergy of YAMABIKO JAPAN CO., LTD, which was		
	established in Apr. 2017, introducing new products with high added value,		
	strengthening its service system, etc.		
(3) Improvement in product quality and	1. To develop structures and systems for further improving product quality, and		
production efficiency	aim to establish "absolute quality."		
	2. To pursue the improvement in production efficiency and cost reduction, by		
	exerting the effects of capital investment, which was carried out in the period of		
	the previous Medium-term management plan, early and promoting the		
	installation of equipment for automatizing production lines, etc.		

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(4) Fortification of the business base and	1. To optimize inventory and improve operation efficiency to the maximum
improvement in corporate value	degree by utilizing the new mission-critical system, which was adopted in the
	period of the previous Medium-term Management Plan.
	The company will also strive to shorten working hours and improve the working
	environment, to pursue synergetic effects for improving labor productivity.
	2. As the company will commemorate the 10 th anniversary of the establishment
	of the company in December 2018, the company will envisage an ideal state of
	YAMABIKO CORPORATION in the coming 10 years, and share its corporate
	philosophy and visions in the entire corporate group.
	To improve the social evaluation on the company by promoting its CSR
	activities
	To discuss M&A, alliances, etc. without prejudgment

③Regarding the return to shareholders

As the company will keep paying dividends stably and its consolidated financial standing is improving, the company has decided to change the target consolidated payout ratio from "about 25%" for the previous Medium-term Management Plan to "25% or higher" for the new Medium-term Management Plan.

<Reference2 : Concerning corporate governance>

*Composition of the organizational structure, directors and auditors

Organizational structure	Company with Audit and Supervisory Board
Directors	7 (including 2 outside director)
Auditors	4 (including 2 outside auditors)

* Corporate Governance Report

Last updated: December 26, 2018

<Basic policy>

YAMABIKO CORPORATION ("the company") actively promotes various measures to enhance the corporate value of the entire Group, including an optimization strategy and supervision function at the Group level, as well as the allocation of resources in order to achieve the Group's global management strategy and growth.

To realize these objectives, the company implements sound and highly transparent Group management in order to deliver value to all of its stakeholders, including regional companies, shareholders, customers and employees. We do this by building a robust corporate culture based on our Corporate Philosophy and Code of Conduct, while enhancing and strengthening a system of corporate governance focused on Group compliance and risk management.

Our board of directors is composed of 7 directors, including 2 outside ones, and makes important decisions regarding our group's management policy and strategy, and the guidance and supervision for business administration of group companies. In the board of directors, directors monitor and oversee the work of other directors and report their own performance regularly at their meetings. In order to put resolutions of the board of directors into action accurately and swiftly, the management strategy council deliberates them to a sufficient degree.

Our company adopted the auditor system, organizing the board of auditors with a total of 4 auditors, composed of 2 corporate auditors and 2 outside ones.

Auditors participate in the meetings of the board of directors, the management strategy council, and operating officers, and other important in-house meetings, to audit the business execution of directors, and secure the effectiveness of audit in cooperation with accounting auditor and the internal audit section, in accordance with the regulations for the board of auditors and the standards for auditors' audit.

< Reasons for Non-Compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code (Excerpts)>

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Principle	Reasons for not following the principle
Supplementary Principle 1-2. (4) Electronic	As of the end of June 2018, the ratio of overseas investors for our company
exercise of voting rights, English translation of	is as low as about 18%. Accordingly, we have not yet adopted the electronic
convocation notices, etc.	exercise of voting rights. As we recognize that it is necessary to offer an
	environment in which institutional investors and overseas investors can
	exercise their voting rights easily, we will think of adopting the platform
	for the electronic exercise of voting rights when the ratio of overseas
	investors exceeds a certain value (e.g. 30%). As for the English translation
	of convocation notices, we started producing the English version,
	excluding business reports and notes, and uploading it to our website.
[Supplementary principle 4-11-1. Balance,	Our company's Article of Incorporation stipulates that the Board of
diversity, and size of the board of directors as	Directors shall be composed of 10 members of fewer, and our Board of
a whole	Directors currently consists of 7 directors, which we believe is a proper size
	that enables swift decision-making.
	The members of the Board of Directors are 5 internal directors, including
	4 people who are familiar with each of the businesses that our company
	conducts and have extensive experience in working abroad, and 2 outside
	directors, including 1 person with experience in working as a top
	management and 1 person who have abundant knowledge and practical
	experiences as a lawyer. We believe that managerial issues and challenges
	are proactively discussed from multilateral perspectives and proper
	judgments are made at meetings of the Board of Directors.
	We consider designation and securing of diverse human resources as
	directors, including women, to be our company's future challenges.
	Please refer to the description for Principle 3-1. (4) regarding the policies
	and procedures for nominating directors.

<Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code (Excerpts)>

Principles	Disclosure contents
[Principle 1-4 the strategically held shares]	(1) Policy Regarding Strategic Shareholding
	Our company conducts business in landscaping, agriculture, construction
	and civil engineering, and a variety of other fields inside and outside Japan.
	Therefore, it is required for our company to cooperate with a number of
	firms involved in each of our businesses. We will strategically hold shares
	when we have judged that doing so will contribute to improving our
	corporate value in the medium- and long-term. Meanwhile, when we have
	determined that the significance of strategically holding shares is not
	sufficient, we will have dialogue with a relevant company, and then sell or
	reduce all or part of the strategically held shares by comprehensively taking
	into account various factors, such as the impact on the market.
	Each year, regarding the strategically held shares of each listed company,
	our Board of Directors carefully verifies a multitude of matters, including
	the purposes of strategically holding the shares, such as maintenance and
	strengthening of partnerships, and economic rationality, and then
	determines whether or not our company will continue holding the shares
	and reviews the number of shares to hold strategically.
	After the adoption of the Corporate Governance Code in 2015, our
	company reduced the number of corporations whose shares we have held
	from 25 to 18.
	(2) Criteria for Exercising a Voting Right in Regard to Strategic
	Shareholding

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	Our company properly exercises our voting rights on the strategically held
	shares after making comprehensive judgment by taking into consideration
	not only business performance, but also whether or not strategically
	holding shares will contribute to properly strengthening the corporate
	governance framework and improving shareholder value, and the impact
	on our company. Furthermore, we hold dialogue with a relevant company
	as necessary regarding the contents of a proposal.
[Principle 5-1 Policies Regarding Constructive	Our company has implemented the following measures as policies for
Dialogue with Shareholders]	maintaining a framework and making efforts to promote constructive
	dialogue with shareholders.
	(1) Our company has established the investor relations section within the
	administration division, as a section in charge of communicating with
	shareholders. In principle, the division officer will conduct overall
	management of all matters concerning the shareholders.
	(2) Relevant internal departments that assist in dialogue with the corporate
	planning department and the finance & accounting department conduct
	their duties while actively collaborating with them to create constructive
	dialogue, for example, by producing and reviewing materials to be
	disclosed and sharing necessary information.
	(3) As a means of dialogue other than individual meeting with shareholders
	and investors, we regularly hold briefings for financial highlights and plant
	tours for institutional investors, and distribute booklets summarizing our
	company's topics and business performance to shareholders. Furthermore,
	we use feedback and requests from shareholders and investors to improve
	the content of our website. We plan to improve our news releases page in
	the future.
	(4) For information sharing, we give the thoughts of shareholders
	understood in dialogue to directors and relevant departments as feedback
	via the distribution of reviews and reports in a meeting body.
	(5) Our company has set up the Insider Trading Management Regulation
	to prevent insider trading and thoroughly manage information on insider
	trading such as promoting the understanding and awareness within our
	company by posting articles on insider trading at new employee training
	program and in our company's internal bulletin.
	profram and in our company's momai bullouit.

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