

Q1 FY2025 Financial Results

05/2025

LTS, Inc.

(TSE Prime Market Securities code 6560)







1. Q1 FY2025 Performance

- 2. Outlook for Q2 FY2025 and Beyond
- 3. Medium- to Long-Term Growth Scenario
- 4. Reference Material

Q1 FY2025 Financial Results Summary



Net sales

4,421

Budget progress rate

million yen

24.2%

YoY growth rate 8.7%
Quarterly plan achievement rate 104.3%

Operating profit

423

million yen

YoY growth rate 19.5%

Quarterly plan achievement rate 118.4%

Budget progress rate 30.2%

(Reference) FY2025 forecast

Net sales

Operating profit

18,280 million yen

1,400 million yen

YoY growth rate 10.2%

YoY growth rate 26.4%

Q1 FY2025 Consolidated Financial Results

1Q standalone

Both net sales and operating profit slightly exceeded initial plans.

(Progressed in line with the growth model that plans for financial results to surpass those of Q4 FY2024.)

- · Net sales: Steadily increased YoY.
- · Operating profit: Profit margin improved due to progress on in-house production. This led to strong growth YoY.

· 2Q forecast

Sales and profits expected to increase YoY. However, Q2 operating profit expected to fall below the Q1 level due to seasonal factors.



• Net sales and operating profit both slightly exceeded the initial plan.

Q1 FY202		FY2025 ful	ll year plan	YoY %	change	QoQ % change	
(Millions of yen)	results	Plan	Q1 progress	Q1 FY2024	YoY growth	Q4 FY2024	QoQ change
Net sales	4,421	18,280	24.2%	4,066	1 8.7%	4,345	1.8%
Gross profit	1,558	6,890	22.6%	1,444	7.9%	1,551	0.5%
Gross profit margin	35.2%	37.7%	-	35.5%	▲ 0.3pt	35.7%	
Operating profit	423	1,400	30.2%	354	19.5%	341	1 24.0%
Operating margin	9.6%	7.7%	-	8.7%	0.9pt	7.9%	1.8pt
Ordinary profit	455	1,350	33.7%	371	22.5%	273	66.3%
Profit before income taxes	456	1,350	33.8%	371	22.9%	525	▲13.2%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	332	900	37.0%	308	1 8.0%	273	1 21.9%

^{*} EBITDA: ¥492 million/EBITDA margin: 11.1%

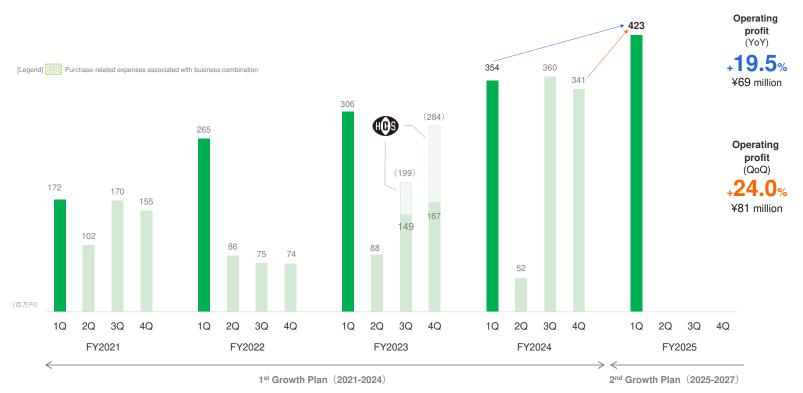
Quarterly Trend in Consolidated Net Sales

· Achieved a record-high in quarterly net sales.



Quarterly Trend in Consolidated Operating profit

· Achieved a record-high in quarterly operating profit.

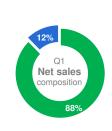


Quarterly Performance Trends by Segment

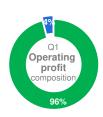


• Demand for corporate reform remained strong, with both businesses continuing to grow.

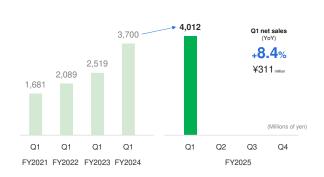
Business Structure

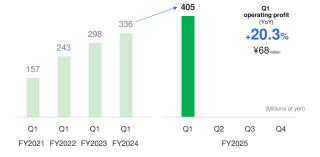


Professional services business
Platform business

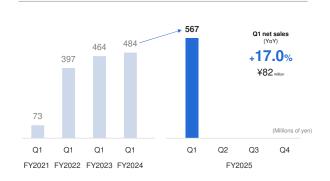


Professional services business





Platform business







Q1 FY2025 Consolidated Balance Sheet

• Driven by steady earnings growth and the asset streamlining at HCS, the equity ratio recovered, securing financial capacity to support aggressive investment.

	Q1 FY2025	Yo	ρY	QoQ		
(Millions of yen)	results	FY2024 1Q	YoY change	FY2024 4Q	QoQ change	
Current assets		6,172	1,805	8,281	▲303	
Cash and deposits, etc.	4,934	3,514	1 ,419	5,447	♣ ▲ 513	
Non-current assets	2,923	5,343	▲ 2,420	3,120	▲ 197	
Total assets	10,900	11,515	▲ 615	11,402	▲ 501	
Current liabilities	3,178	3,327	▲ 148	3,653	▲ 475	
Non-current liabilities	2,978	4,371	▲1,392	3,182	▲203	
Total liabilities	6,156	7,698	▲1,541	6,835	▲ 679	
Interest-bearing debt	3,591	4,945	♣ ▲ 1,353	3,889	♣ 297	
Total equity	4,628	3,729	898	4,452	175	
Net assets	4,743	3,817	926	4,566	177	
Equity ratio	42.5%	32.4%	1 10.1pt	39.1%	1 3.4pt	

Reference indicators Q1 FY2025 results

Net cash	1,342
Net D/E ratio	(0.29)
Liquidity ratio	251.0%

Q1 FY2025 Activities Summary



Human Resources

In addition to hiring managers, promoted training and retention measures

- 25 employees obtained professional qualifications in the PM and BA fields
- Certified as a 2025 Enterprise with Outstanding Health and Productivity Management for the fourth consecutive year
- Obtained Kurumin certification as a company that supports child rearing

Services

Improved both the value provided and sales capabilities by strengthening the structure in the data strategy field

- Established the new Strategic Consulting Business Headquarters
- Received the grand prize at the Satellite Data Utilization Awards 2024
- · Began general sales of AI and Data analysis training tools

Customers

In addition to strengthening account sales for key customers, made progress in developing promising new clients

- 11 new clients added as a result of marketing activities
- Expanded business with local governments, independent administrative agencies, national universities and other organizations in the public sector (partly due to a convergence of project deliveries at the end of the fiscal year)

Group Management

With the completion of the restructuring phase after the M&A, HCS is now fully operational under the new structure

- HCS will continue to contribute to profits exceeding amortization of goodwill expenses in this fiscal year
- Transferred all shares in Isis CO., LTD., a subsidiary of HCS Holdings, to NEEDS SHARE Co., Ltd. (impact on financial results will be minor)

Quarterly Trends in Number of Frontline Employees (Consolidated)



- After accounting for the reduction in personnel due to deconsolidation, the projected number of frontline employees at the end of the period is 920, an increase of 19 (up 2.1%).
- Recruitment of frontline employees remains challenging due to the tight hiring environment, but the turnover rate is being controlled at 3.2%.
- Due to the deconsolidation of Isis CO., LTD. following the sale of its shares, the number of engineers decreased by 44 as of April.







- 1. Q1 FY2025 Performance
- 2. Outlook for Q2 FY2025 and Beyond
- 3. Medium- to Long-Term Growth Scenario
- 4. Reference Material

FY2025 Consolidated Performance Forecast

- Shifting to a profit-focused phase aimed at sustainable growth (net sales growth over 10%, operating profit growth over 20%)
- Placing continued focus on acquiring top talent to support future growth while adjusting the pace of hiring







FY2025 Consolidated Performance Forecast (by Segment)

• Both segments are expected to continue achieving year-on-year increases in net sales and operating profit in the fiscal year ending December 2025.

	(Millions of yen)	FY2025 forecast	FY2024 results	YoY change	YoY growth rate	Reference	
Net s	sales (Consolidated)	18,280	16,592	1,688	10.2%	13%	
	Professional Services Business	16,500	14,883	1,616	10.9%	Net sales composition	
	Platform Business	2,400	2,237	162	7.3%	87%	
Oper	rating profit (Consolidated)	1,400	1,107	292 (1.0pt)	26.4%	9%	
	Professional Services Business	1,280 (7.8%)	1,031	248 (0.8pt)	24.1%	Operating profit composition	
	Platform Business	120 (5.0%)	76 (3.4%)	43 (1.6pt)	56.9%	91%	
Ordi	nary profit	1,350 (7.4%)	1,069	281 (0.9pt)	26.2%	Net profit attributable to owners of parent for FY2024 includes extraordinary income of 567 million yen from the sale of real estate in the second half, temporarily boosting profit before tax. For FY2025, no significant extraordinary income or losses are	
	t attributable to ers of parent	900	973 (5.9%)	▲73 (▲1.0pt)	▲ 7.5%	expected, and growth in ordinary profit alone serves as the basis for growth in both profit before tax and net profit. As a result, when comparing net profit attributable to owners of parent year on year, it shows a decrease of 7.5%.	

^{*}Net sales for each segment include internal sales.
Composition represents the proportion of net sales and operating profit between the two segments.



Progress on Consolidated Financial Results in Q1 FY2025

- Cumulative results through Q1 for both net sales and operating profit slightly exceeded the initial plan and remained strong.
- Q2 results are expected to show year-on-year increases in both net sales and operating profit, but operating profit is projected
 to fall below the Q1 level due to seasonal factors.
- While both risks and opportunities exist, the full-year forecast remains unchanged from the initial forecast as of May.



Risk awareness and response status

- Corporate customer investment restraint due to concerns over a global economic slowdown
- $\rightarrow\,$ No specific impact such as project freezes has been observed at this time.
- Recruitment progress in Q1 fell slightly below the initial expectations.
 - → While continuing proactive hiring, the structure is being maintained through the use of partner companies.
- Prolonged efforts to address delivery-related challenges in system development projects have led to increased cost burdens.
 - → While engaging in customer negotiations and project recovery, efforts are underway to strengthen the development structure.
 - (Proposal reviews, quality control, project manager training, etc.)

Opportunities and response status

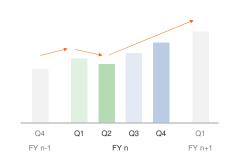
- Launch of long-term, large-scale projects with government agencies and major corporations
 - → Aiming for continued orders to stabilize utilization rates and business performance
- · Robust demand for data analytics and generative Al-related projects
 - → Actively pursuing order acquisition to maximize revenue

Seasonal Patterns by Quarter



• In the current fiscal year as well, Q2 results are expected to fall below Q1 due to the overlap of a slow project period and the onboarding of new graduate employees.

Trend in net sales

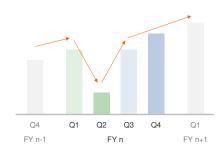


- Q1: Started at higher level than in Q4 of previous year due to development of previous year's hires.
- Q2: Slightly lower than Q1 due to off-season for projects (temporary decrease in investment activities by companies whose fiscal year ends in March).
- Q3: Project formation progresses at each site, leading to a gradual recovery from Q2.
- Q4: Building on the fundamental trend of Q3, performance is expected to reach the highest level of the fiscal year.

Reference: Quarterly Net Sales Composition

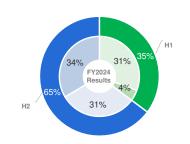


Trend in operating profit



- Q1: Started at higher level than in Q4 of previous year due to development of previous year's hires.
- Q2: Due to the onboarding of new graduate employees (three months of training following April group entry), performance is expected to fall significantly below Q1.
- Q3: Assignment and monetization of new graduate employees progresses in stages, leading to a significant recovery from Q2.
- Q4: Building on the fundamental trend of Q3, performance is expected to reach the highest level of the fiscal year. However, depending on business progress and management priorities, growth investments may be made, which could result in a decline from Q3.

Reference: Quarterly Operating Profit Composition



Dividends of surplus



policy

Trend in

annual dividend per share

Basic

- Dividend planned for end of FY2025, targeting dividend payout ratio of approximately 20%
 - Stock price growth: Main shareholder return measure is to position medium- to long-term EPS growth as key driver for increasing corporate value (stock price)
 - Dividend: Implementing stable and continuous shareholder returns with target dividend payout ratio of 20% (however, considering impact of special factors unrelated to core business if net profit fluctuates significantly)
 - Purchase of treasury shares: Considered on case-by-case basis while balancing investment in growth and capital efficiency, and implemented flexibly as needed



Total dividend payout ratio

35.0 yen

(Ordinary dividend) (Year-end dividend)

Dividend payout ratio

17.8%

(Calculated based on FY2025 forecast)

^{*1.} Amounts exclude acquisition costs related to requests for purchase of fractional shares.

^{*2.} Dividend payout ratio based on ordinary profit excluding the impact of extraordinary gains and losses = 19.5%.

Criteria for Continued Prime Market Listing (current Status)

- As of the end of December 2024, the tradable share market cap is in a state of non-compliance due to slumping stock prices
- Through FY2025, LTS will meet the criteria for continued listing on the Prime Market by improving EPS and PER.

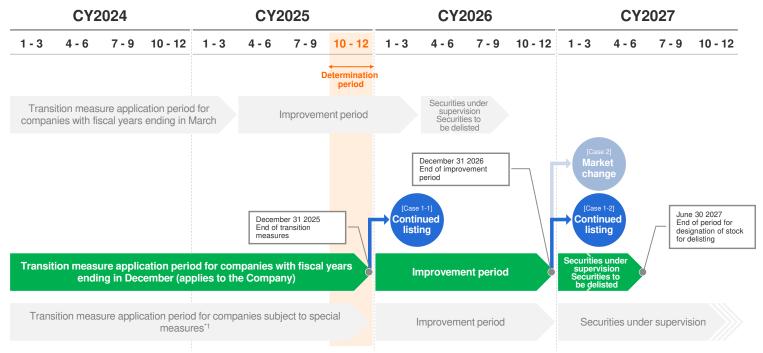
	Number of shareholders	No. of tradable shares	Tradable share ratio	Stock price	Tradable share market cap
Status	0	0	0	-	×
Criteria	800 people	20,000 units	35.0 %	-	100 (billions of yen)
Assessment as of March 2025	2,216 people	25,025 units	53.7 %	2,343 *1 yen	58.6 (billions of yen)
\					
Target as of December 2025	2,216 people	25,025 units	53.7 %	3,997 ·2 yen	100.0 (billions of yen)

^{*1} Using average stock price for three-month period from January to March

^{*2} Reference value calculated by dividing the required tradable share market cap by the current number of tradable shares.

Criteria for Continued Prime Market Listing - Schedule for Action

• If the continued listing criteria are not met during the transitional period, the primary option will be to transfer to the Tokyo Stock Exchange Standard Market, with a decision on the course of action to be made by mid-2026.



Reference: "Overview of Handling of Transition Measures and Other Matters Relating to the Continued Listing Criteria," Tokyo Stock Exchange (January 2023)





- 1. Q1 FY2025 Performance
- 2. Outlook for Q2 FY2025 and Beyond
- 3. Medium- to Long-Term Growth Scenario
- 4. Reference Material

Brand Slogan





Install AGILITY in your Business

Best Partner for the Digital Era

Supporting management, business, and organizational operations of the digital era rather than digitalization

- Transformation partner -

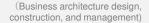
Strengthening of "reform promotion skills"

(Project support on the user side)



- Business partner -

Enhancement of "adaptability to change"





- Organizational partner -

Enhancement of "ability to create change"

(Instilling change awareness and developing change leaders)



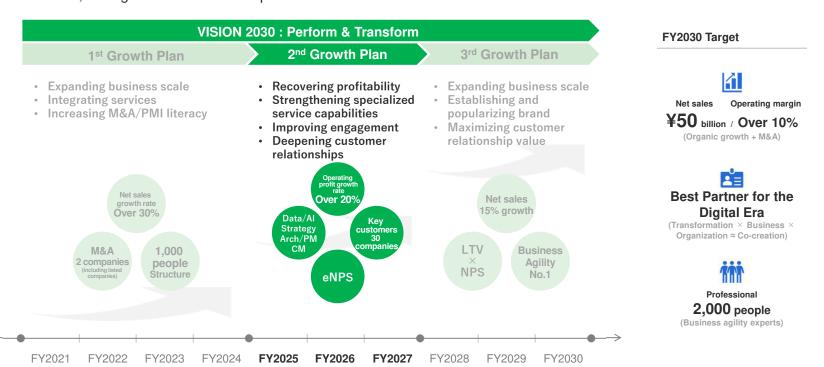
- Partner in collaborative innovation -

Evolution into "change creating company"

(Acquisition and Enhancement of business agility)

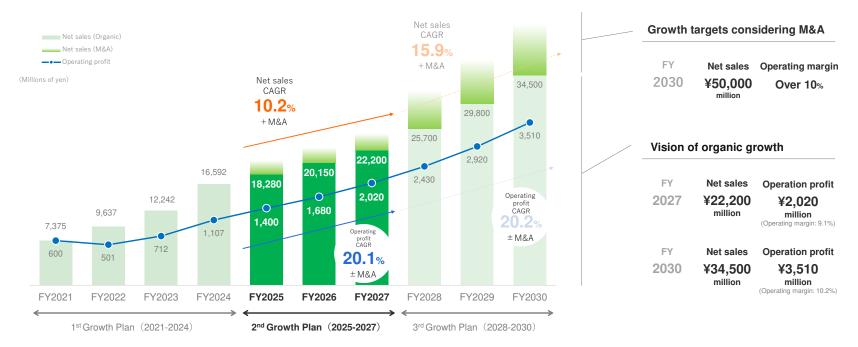
2nd Growth Plan - Path to VISION2030

 Recover profitability that declined during "1st Growth Plan" period by enhancing service competitiveness, strengthening customer relationships, and improving employee engagement, including higher compensation levels, during "2nd Growth Plan" period



2nd Growth Plan – Performance Target Trends

- For 2025-2027, priority will be given to recovering profitability (operating profit margin), with planned average growth rate of 20% for operating profit
- Although not included in plan, discontinuous growth through M&A is being considered in addition to organic growth

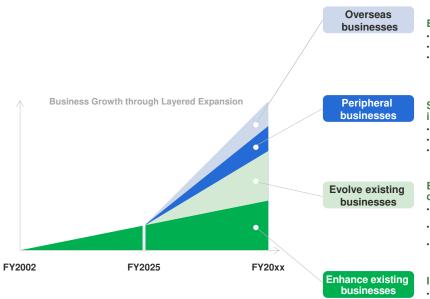


In light of the current uncertain business environment and the significant emphasis on new businesses (peripheral and overseas businesses) and M&A in our growth scenario, we believe we should review our strategy flexibly each year and reflect it in the business plan for the following year and beyond. Therefore, rather than presenting it as a Medium-Term Business Plan, our aim is to share our growth vision with shareholders and investors in a quantitative manner. To this end, we will publish a Growth Plan every few years as reference information.



2nd Growth Plan – Layered Business Growth Strategy

- Comprehensive support for "X" (transformation), aiming to be the Best Partner for the Digital Era
- Enhancing profitability through strengthening existing businesses and laying the foundation for the next leap by exploring peripheral areas and overseas businesses



Brand building in Asian market

- Promote global support for existing customers
- Partner with FPT Group and Yokogawa Group
- Utilize M&A (acquire local partners)

Strengthening new drivers of "X (Transformation)" initiatives

- · Strengthen strategic and organizational consulting domains
- Strengthen GX and SX support domains
- Utilize M&A (acquire solutions)

Enhancing customer relationship value through advanced corporate reform support

- Strengthen end-to-end total services (increasing average revenue per client (ARPC))
- Strengthen edge-to-edge cross services (increasing average revenue per client (ARPC))
- Strengthen business agility brand (increasing number of customers)

Improving quality and profitability of individual services

- Strengthen special education in BA/PM, etc. (increasing monthly per capita cost)
- Enhance PM-level/consultant hiring (increasing number of employees)
- Thoroughly manage project pipelines and resource utilization (increasing utilization rates)

Growth Scenarios for Existing Businesses – Classification of Profit Models



 As a result of past proactive service development efforts, the currently complex service portfolio has been organized into the following five domains.

Service domain			Pro	ofit model			Key points for profitability improvement
Strategy consulting	Flow	High unit medium utilization rate	×	Small × short team duration			Continue R&D in cutting-edge domains to secure high unit prices Continue refining unique positioning and collaborative relationships with top management to maintain a robust project pipeline
DX consulting	Flow	Medium High utilization rate	×	Large × medium duration	+	Leverage external resources	Secure flexible organizational capabilities by recruiting managers and providing BA and PM training, maintaining utilization rates at appropriate levels Leverage external resources to enhance delivery capabilities
SI (system Integration)	Stock	Project unit price	×	Number of projects	+	Leverage external resources	The Group collectively handles the subsequent phases of DX consulting, accumulating numerous medium-scale, moderate-risk projects Improve productivity through the utilization of technologies such as generative AI
Public services	Hybrid	Project unit price	×	Number of projects	+	Community management fee *1	Maintain long-term operation of regional communities Transform communities into incubation platforms to generate and secure derivative projects (consulting)
Resource management	Hybrid	RM fee' ²	×	Number of arrangements	+	Platform paid membership fees	Share project and human resources information across the Group to prevent missed opportunities Improve sales productivity of matching personnel Improve profit margins by maintaining appropriate procurement costs and bringing production in-house

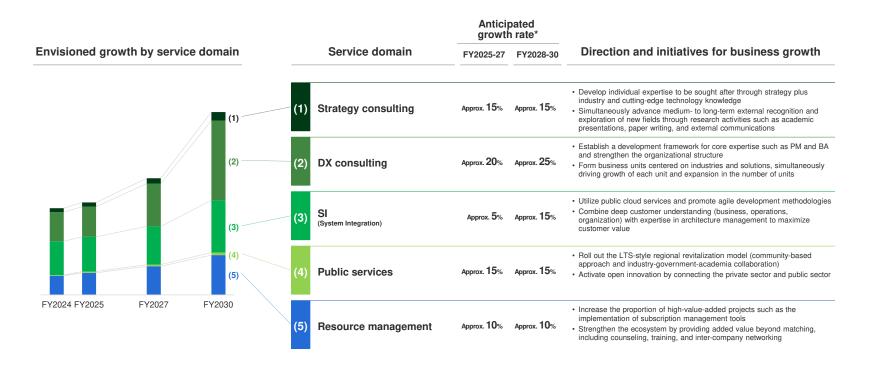
*2 Commissions are charged for matching projects and personnel as Resource Management fees.

^{*1} Within regional revitalization initiatives, the Company operates spaces that bring together local governments, businesses, educational institutions, non-profit organizations, and individuals to foster connections and collaboration.

Growth Scenarios for Existing Businesses – Growth Scenarios by Profit Model



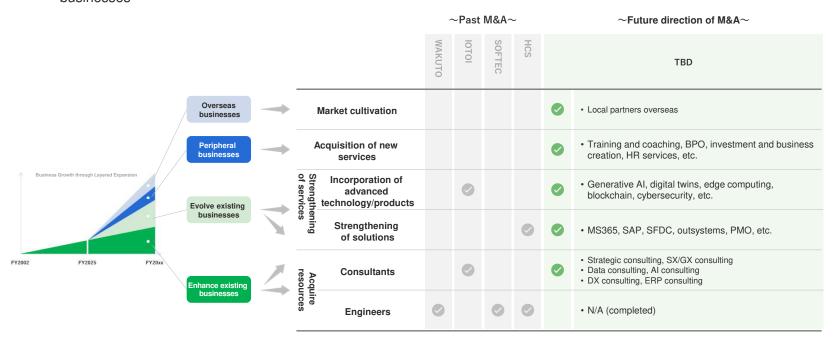
Plan and manage business growth using distinct concepts and approaches for each of the five organized domains.





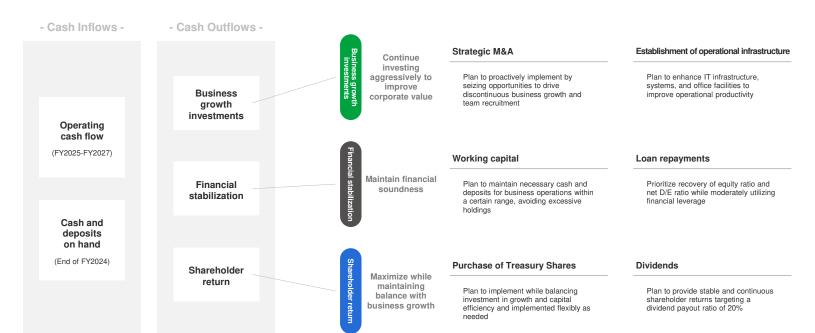
M&A Strategy for Discontinuous Growth

- Will actively pursue M&A as key growth strategy, drawing on past PMI experience while maintaining focus on organic growth
- From 2025 to 2027, priority will be given to small-scale M&A (up to ¥500 million) for deepening and evolving existing businesses



Capital Allocation Approach

- Aim to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term through proactive business growth investments and maximizing shareholder returns
- Plan to utilize borrowings for large-scale investments such as M&A, with no plans for capital increases, while maintaining financial soundness







- 1. Q1 FY2025 Performance
- 2. Outlook for Q2 FY2025 and Beyond
- 3. Medium- to Long-Term Growth Scenario
- 4. Reference Material

Macro **Environment** (Digital era)

The Impact of the Digital Age on Companies



• The spread of digital technology is driving major transformations across all aspects of society, and this wave of change is compelling companies to swiftly adapt to change.

Impact of the Digital Age on Companies

Management Strategy and values change The Necessity The Arrival of Operational of Corporate the Digital Age Transformation \ Organization Human Resources

Areas Companies Must Address

- Decision-making: Emphasize speed (from plan-driven to changedriven)
- Business creation: Address additional destructive innovation
- Industry restructuring: Normalize intra-company collaboration and M&A
- Operational management: Management takes lead in managing overall picture of operational structure
- DX promotion: Integrate business and technology
- · Data-driven: Design and course correct based on data
- Network-based organization: Flat and flexible organizational structure
- Social responsibility: Promote visibility of minorities, diversity, and inclusiveness
- Mobilization of human resources: Importance of generalization of job types and specialist human resources

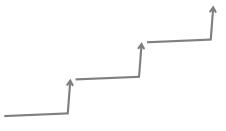
Making reform routine



• Significantly shorten the cycle of corporate reform support (emphasizing the importance of continuously driving change on a daily basis)

Era of "gradual" social change

Gap closes through major change every 10 years



Slow x big x once

Era of "drastic" social change

Repeated reforms to continuously adapt to environmental changes

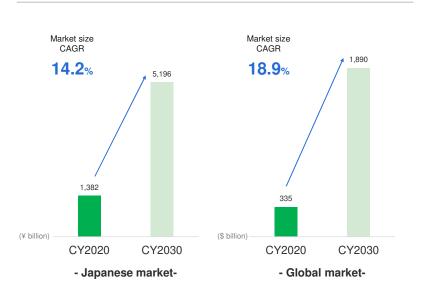


Fast x small x many times

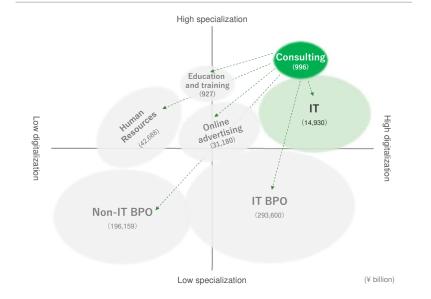
Expansion and Growth of Consulting Market

• Various transformations (Xs) such as DX, SX, and GX increasing in both frequency and volume, so consulting market to support corporate Xs continues to grow. Peripheral markets huge with vast opportunity for cultivation.

Projected Market Size of DX in 2030 (Growth Potential)



Projected Domestic Market Size in 2023 (Scalability)



Micro **Environment** (Business agility)

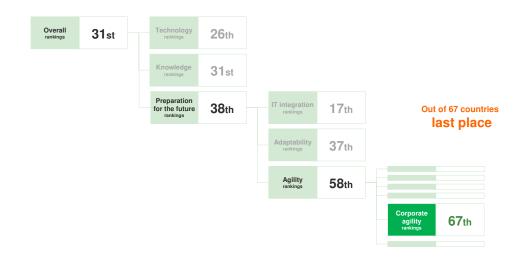
Social Issues in Japan - "Speed" is Lost

- Foundation of Japan's industries subsiding in terms of GDP per capita, labor productivity, and other indicators, due in part to inability to respond to global mega-changes taking place
- To regain competitiveness in digital era where change is everyday occurrence, companies must acquire and strengthen agility

IMD World Digital Competitiveness Rankings

Rank (n-67) 5 years 22 in a row Falling 2024 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

2024 Ranking: Element Breakdown



Agility – The Ability to "Understand, Deconstruct, and Rebuild" Business Structures

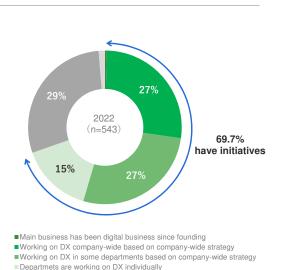
• Business agility* refers to the organizational capacity that enables the business structure to adapt quickly to changes in the external environment.

		Before agility		After agility
Co	Business strategy/ planning	 Decision-making emphasizes accuracy Resources and assets are to be owned Failure or withdrawal is to be avoided 		Decision-making emphasizes speed Resources and assets are to be accessed and used Failure or withdrawal creates lessons to learn
orporate a	Operational processes	Individual operational procedures are managed on site as needed Responsibility for operational processes is unclear Building blocks are tightly coupled	Busines	Management regularly manages the entire business structure Responsibility for operational processes is clear Building blocks are loosely coupled
architecture	IT/OT	Business demands and technology responds Waterfall development Low internal autonomy and dependence on external vendors		 Business and technology are integrated Agile and DevOps development High internal autonomy with utilization of external vendors
	People/ organization	Hierarchical organization based on instructions and orders Organizational strength is improved by the total amount of internal human resources Predictable and stable in both organizational structure and allocation of human resources		Network-based organization based on vision and autonomy Organizational strength leveraged with external partners Unpredictable and variable in both organizational structure and allocation of human resources

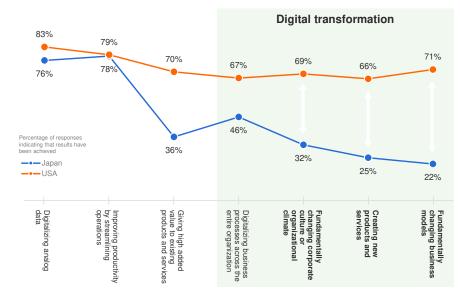
Progress of DX in Japanese Companies - Percentage of Companies Taking Action and Level of Action

- About 70% of Japanese companies are working on DX in some form or another.
- Most of the initiatives are limited to digitalizing data and processes and do not extend to transformation (X) where digital technology is a business assumption.

Status of DX Initiatives at Japanese Companies



Content and results of initiatives (Japan vs US)



■No initiatives
■Don't Know

Causes and countermeasures and our support for DX failing to achieve expected results

Lts

• Clients need a partner to overcome the obstacles (causes of failure) that exist at each DX level

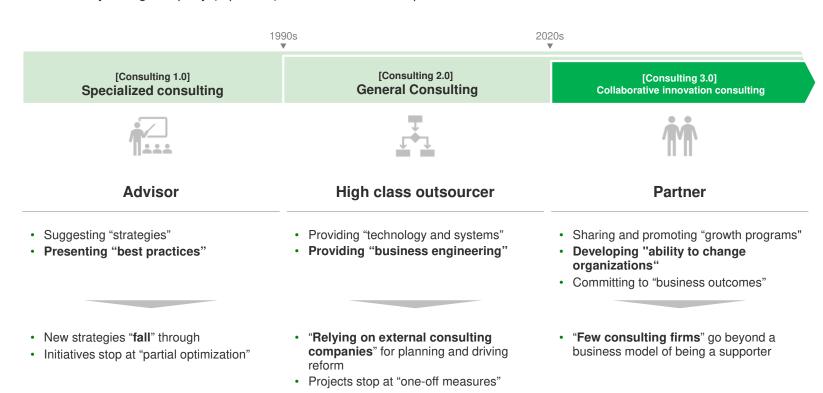


3.
Business
Overview
(Supplementary information)

Changes in Consulting

Lts

- Consulting services evolve their value proposition with the times
- Currently, being company (a partner) to the customer is important

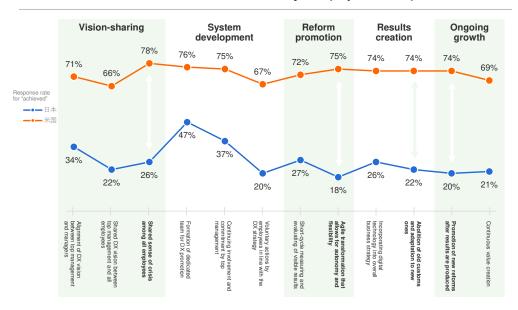


DX Challenges for Japanese Companies – Achievements and Issues



- Despite the promotion of various initiatives, they have not led to significant changes in corporate culture. Consequently, the acquisition and enhancement of agility remain insufficient.
- The point where the greatest divergence in achievement between Japan and the US occurs is agile transformation (-57 points).

Level of Achievement of DX Promotion Projects (Japan vs US)



Issue of DX promotion at Japanese companies

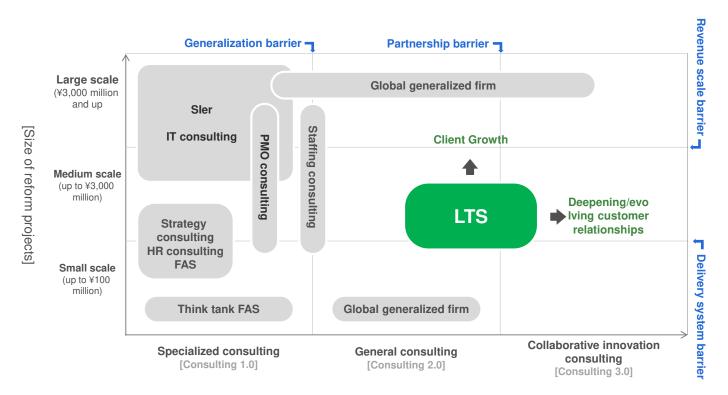


A partner in collaborative innovation is essential for successful DX implementation



Our strength- Midsize x Collaborative Innovation Consulting

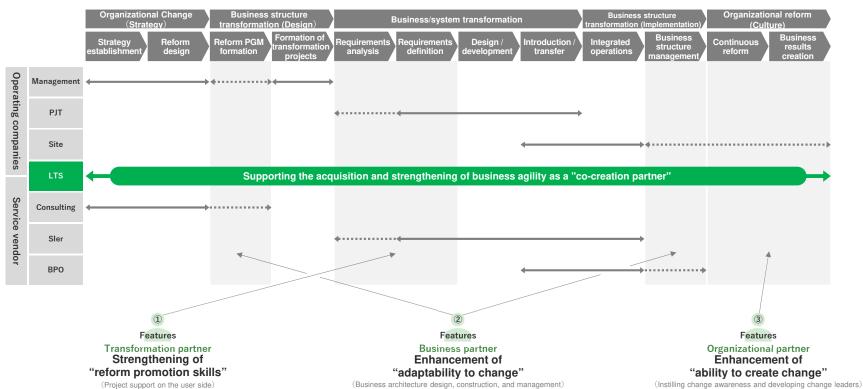
 We provide support for acquiring and enhancing business agility as a collaborative innovation partner to mediumsized to semi-major companies.



Lts

Our strength - Three Forms of Partnership

 Support as a partner in areas where business companies have little ability to drive change and where service vendors have little support for change





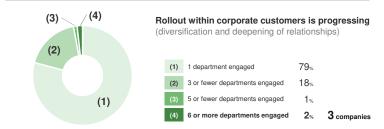
Customer Relationship Value - Depth x Breadth x Duration

• While increasing the number of customers, continuously strengthen customer relationships by enhancing depth (average unit price per customer), breadth (number of departments engaged per customer), and duration (average years of engagement per customer).

Depth: Average unit price per customer



Breadth: Number of departments engaged per customer



Duration: Average years of engagement per customer



List of Customers



Providing ongoing support for reform and growth to leading companies in a wide range of industries

○Trade

- ITOCHU Corporation*
- Mitsubishi Corporation
- · Metal One Corporation

○ Retail

- SEVEN-ELEVEN JAPAN CO., LTD.
- · FamilyMart Co.,Ltd.
- · Mitsubishi Shokuhin Co., Ltd.

○Energy

- · Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.
- · Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.
- · Taiyo Oil Company, Limited

OTransportation

- West Japan Railway Company (JR WEST) *
- · Japan Airlines Co., Ltd. (JAL)
- East Japan Railway Company (JR EAST)

OAutomotive

- JATCO Ltd *
- · Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.*
- Yazaki Corporation*

OConstruction/Real Estate

- HASEKO GROUP
- DAIWA HOUSE INDUSTRY CO., LTD.
- Chiyoda Corporation

OManufacturing

- KOKUYO Co., Ltd.
- DIC Corporation*
- NEC Corporation (NEC)

OFood/Restaurant/Healthcare

- · Kirin Holdings Company, Limited*
- · Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
- · Japan Tobacco Inc. (JT)*

OMedia/Education

- · Jiji Press, Ltd.
- TV Asahi Corporation
- Benesse Corporation

Ocommunications

- NTT Communications Corporation
- · Sony Network Communications Inc.
- Japan Post Co., Ltd.

○ Service

- CENTRAL SECURITY PATROLS CO.,LTD.
- Japan Post Holdings Co., Ltd.
- · MonotaRO Co., Ltd.

OFinancial/Securities/Insurance

- Aioi Nissay Dowa Insurance Co., Ltd.
- ORIX Corporation*
- SUMITOMO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Oconsulting/IT

- Digital Garage, Inc.
- · IBM Japan, Ltd.
- · Microsoft Japan Co., Ltd.

OGovernment/Local Governments/National Corporations

- · Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry
- Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications
- Gunma prefecture / Shizuoka prefecture / Hiroshima prefecture
- · Okayama university/ Hiroshima university

Many others

(*More than 10 years of doing business together)
(Partial list of customers who agreed to be listed)

4. Growth Scenarios (Supplementary information)

Lts

Review of "1st Growth Plan" – Targets and Scenario

- · Achieved steady growth in both net sales and operating profit, but fell significantly short of operating profit target
- Addressing delays and existing issues from FY2024 onward, continuing to aim for realization of initially expected scenario

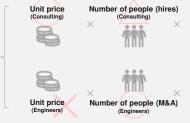
		Net sales	Operating profit
	FY2021 (Initial plan)	¥12,000 million (CAGR of over 20%)	¥1,800 million (Operating margin of 15%)
VISION 2030 (1st Growth Plan)	FY2022 (Revised upward)	¥14,000 million (CAGR of over 20%-25%)	¥2,000 million (Operating margin of 14.3%)
(1st Growth F	FY2023 (Revised upward)	¥16,500 million (CAGR of over 30%)	¥2,000 million (Operating margin of 12.1%)
Plan)	FY2024 (Results)	¥16,500 million (CAGR: 31.1%)	¥1,100 million (Operating margin of 6.7%)

iitially expected scenar

- Steadily grow mainstay professional services business
 - · Proactive hiring and knowledge development
 - · Diversification of service offerings through bottom-up R&D
 - Transition to self-organizing decentralized network-type organization (business unit structure)
- Strengthen the engineering structure through M&A and other means
- Build comprehensive service delivery structure that integrates business and digital support
- Expand customer base by deepening relationships with existing customers while acquiring advanced new customers
- · Provide end-to-end, one-stop services to key customers
- · Boost platform business revenue growth
- Established service structure capable of providing integrated support for business and technology
- · Failed to fully leverage acquisition of engineering capabilities to strengthen profitability









Utilization rate

(Consulting)

Review of "1st Growth Plan" - Initiatives



Enhance profit-generation capability by linking abundant opportunities with robust service capabilities

Achievements/results

Reduced profit-generation capacity

Imbalance in human resources portfolio

Current initiatives

Human Resources

- Frontline personnel increased by 640 (up 245%)
- Significant increase in young employees through aggressive hiring
- More than 400 engineers added through M&A
- About 100 employees obtained certifications in specialized domains (PM, BA)
- Customer unit price increased (up 122.9%) with improved customer relationship value
- Established account sales structure (top 20 companies account for over 70%)
- New customers increased by 153 companies (up 23.7%)
- Domestic offices expanded, with regional revitalization support also ramping up

Services

Customers

- Launched end-to-end reform support services
- Capital and business alliance with both FPT and YOKOGAWA groups
- Accelerated business growth in advanced domains such as generative AI and GX
- SX and HC services ramping up

- Insufficient number of PM-level employees relative to team members
 - Insufficient number of consultants relative to engineers
 - Loss of opportunities for end-to-end services

Problems

- Unable to assemble project teams in a timely manner to meet inquiries from existing customers
- Consultant unit price increased, but utilization rate declined
- Insufficient rigor in utilization management within small-scale teams
- Delayed return on service development investments (poor balance between deepening and exploration)
- Significant increase in number of engineers, but unit price and utilization rate remained flat
- Insufficient orders for integrated consultant and engineer services
- Structural reform of the platform business taking longer than expected

- Strengthening human resources capable of discovering, structuring, and leading projects
 Accelerated PM-level hiring through compensation system
- revisions
 Continued consultant hiring and explored team M&A
- opportunities
- Business skill development for engineers (BA, PM)
- Enhanced customer relationship value (Project → PGM → PFL)
- Strengthening industry-specific expertise (services and individuals)
- · Placement and development of account managers
- Expansion of strategy formulation, business structure management, and development areas of human resources for change
- Refinement of individual services and organic integration
- Reorganization into specialized units by service area and pursuit of individual growth
- Customer-centric and opportunity-driven approach to deploying end-to-end services across service areas

Group Management

- Newly integrated subsidiaries recovered in terms of performance
- · Sharing of service and sales assets
- Partial integration of corporate functions and infrastructure
- MVV redefined (collaboration-focused) and office (collaborative space) relocated

- Delay in realizing synergy across the entire Group
- Reorganization of management operations and cost optimization yet to start
- Need for restructuring framework of business division management and Group management

- Strengthening governance of decentralized organization
- Ensuring rigorous business efficiency management (performance management by revenue model)
- · Sharing of resources across companies and divisions
- Ensuring consistency through vision and culture

Results of Past M&A



- By joining the LTS Group, each company has improved performance (comparison between the fiscal year immediately before joining and the fiscal year ended December 2024).

 - · SOFTEC Co., Ltd.: Fiscal year ended June 2020 ⇔ Fiscal year ended December 2024



18 FY2019

(Millions of yen) Operating profit

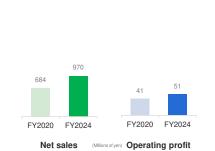
FY2024



SOFTEC Co., Ltd.*1

Net sales

(FY19-FY24)



Operating

profit

(FY19-FY24)



HCS HOLDINGS CO.,LTD.*2



1,126

FY2019

Net sales

FY2024

Lts

Approach to Growth Investments

communication-related)

• Continue proactive business growth investments aimed at medium- to long-term corporate value enhancement (the primary investment consists of personnel expenses for employees driving each activity).

Capitalized Non-capitalized investments investments **Human Resources** Customers Services R&D M&A Recruiting Training Branding Sustainability · Strengthen career hiring · Promote acquisition of · Research markets and CS · Delivery challenges for · Accelerate human · Anticipate medium- to focused on PM-level professional qualifications themes without precedent resources investments large-scale projects to · Develop and communicate such as BA and PM professionals achieve discontinuous corporate/service content · Participate in · Plan initiatives related to · Participate in academic business growth · Advance new graduate internal/external research sustainability management · Anticipate small-scale recruitment (year-round societies and research activities and multinational approach) institutions for each projects for team specialized field recruitment purposes Education and training expenses Advertising expenses Personnel expenses (R&D-Subsidiary shares / investment Recruiting expenses Personnel expenses (sustainability-related) securities Personnel expenses (hiring-Personnel expenses (training-Personnel expenses (PR/marketing-related) Goodwill Establishment of Intellectual Establishment of **Business environment** Retention Organizational culture customer base property/KM operational infrastructure development · Continue wage increases in · Conduct training on · Strengthen the account · Establish and operate · Introduce IT equipment · Enhance IT infrastructure conjunction with profitability corporate philosophy, DNA, management system processes for creating · Establish IT infrastructure Strengthen office etc. during onboarding and (develop account accumulating, sharing, and Create a work environment environment (renovation Use business-related cloud promotions managers) utilizing knowledge that is both comfortable and expansion) services · Introduce CRM tools · Introduce KM tools and fulfilling · Share through regular Backbone system upgrade operations and performance evaluations Personnel expenses (sales-Personnel expenses (KM-Personnel expenses (pay and Personnel expenses (internal Consumables Tools, instruments, and related) related) communication-related) Payment handling fees equipment Personnel expenses (benefits) Software Personnel expenses (benefits) Software Depreciation and amortization Personnel expenses (internal

Supplementary Data





• Flexibly executing growth investments while continuously working to reduce baseline operating expenses





Expense classification	Item	Amount	Percentage	Expense allocation policy
Shared	Personnel expenses	714	62.9%	Proactively execute growth investments (R&D, internal projects, and training participation) and growth-related expenses (sales and intellectual property development) within a defined discipline Minimize unintended employee idle time
	Recruiting expenses	64	5.6%	Actively investing in recruitment of PM-level personnel Referral fees rising sharply
Growth investments	Education and training expenses	7	0.6%	Actively investing in obtaining PM and BA- related certifications
	Advertising expenses	8	0.7%	Adjust flexibly to strengthen PR and IR
Growth- related expenditures	Amortization of goodwill (including amortization of customer relationship assets)	26	2.2%	
	Land/office rent	24	2.1%	
Baseline operating expenses	Depreciation and amortization	19	1.6%	
·	Operational costs	274	24.2%	



Consolidated Number of Employees – Quarterly Trends

• Reference: Trends in Consolidated Number of Employees from FY2021 Q1 to FY2025 Q1

	2021				2022				2023				2024				2025			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
	▲ Comsol	odated SFTC										▲ Consoli	dated HCS	▲ Excludin	g AMG (partia	al business)		▲ Excluding	g ISIS	
Consultant	147	165	191	195	193	203	198	196	201	237	239	275	273	330	329	332	326			
Engineer	196	203	180	185	185	200	207	213	220	255	254	575	575	572	574	569	568			
Sales/Business	33	41	37	35	36	49	49	49	50	70	69	81	80	88	83	79	78			
Corporate	39	39	40	46	48	52	55	65	65	67	67	114	119	124	121	116	118			
Others												14	14							
Total	415	448	448	461	462	504	509	523	536	629	629	1,059	1,061	1,114	1,107	1,096	1,090			
Change (YoY)	126	132	132	138	47	56	61	62	74	125	120	536	525	485	478	37	29			
Change (QoQ)	125	33	0	13	1	42	5	14	13	93	0	430	2	53	-7	-11	-6			





Company Overview

	Overview
Company Name	LTS, Inc.
Founded	March 2002
Representative Director	Hiroaki Kabashima
Address (Head Office)	Akasaka Center Building(14F, 15F)
Capital Amount	767,810,900yen (as of March 31, 2025)
Number of employees	1,090 (as of March 31, 2025)
Service	Support for corporate transformation Professional services business Platform business
Fiscal year-end	December
Stock listing	Tokyo Stock Exchange, Prime Market (6560)

Brand



Rather than simply providing external support to help solve customer problems and bring about growth,

LTS is a partner that brings about qualitative change, integrating with the customer and turning three leaves into four.

A true partner who stands on the same footing as our customers as one of the leaves on a plant, working together to promote reform

Group Management



• In April 2025, the organizational structure was revised to consist of 7 consolidated subsidiaries and 2 equitymethod affiliates in order to accelerate group decision-making and improve operational efficiency.



Professional services business



LTS Software Technology, inc.









LTS Link, Inc.

関連会社



FPT CONSULTING JAPAN CO., LTD

Joint venture with FPT Japan Holdings Co., Ltd.*
*Japanese subsidiary of FPT, Vietnam's largest IT company



Busy Bee, Inc.

HIBIYA RESOURCE PLANNING CO., LTD.

HIBIYA COMPUTER

SYSTEM CO., LTD.

RESOURCE

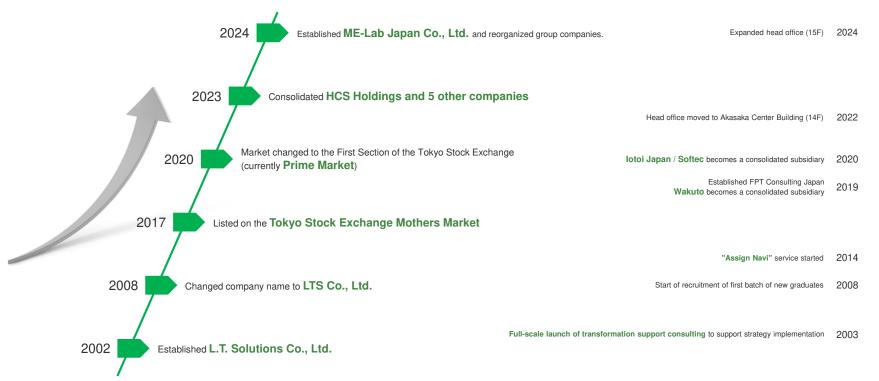
LTS ASIA CO., LIMITED

*Hong Kong corporation



History of LTS Group

• The number of consolidated group employees exceeds 1,000 and continues to grow with 11group companies.



Corporate Philosophy



Mission

Unleash potential

Believe in people's potential to realize a free and vibrant human society

Vision

A professional company that expands the world

Values

Change

Change and be changed

Learn

Continue learning

Ownership

Take initiative and see things through

tilligs tilloug

Venture

Step out into the unknown

Enjoy & Energize

Enjoy and energize

Respect

Respect

Surprise

Go outside the box and inspire

Open Copyright ©2025 LTS Inc. All rights reserved.

Lts

Business Structure

 Supporting clients in acquiring and enhancing business agility through our professional services business and platform business to increase the digital competitiveness of Japanese companies

Professional services business Support reform and DX at each company

- Centered on services for large companies
- · Promote co-creation with clients
- Utilize LINK as external resource database (synergy)



Platform business

Provide platform promoting collaboration across IT industry

- Services for small and medium-sized venture companies, IT companies, and freelancers
- Promote collaboration and co-creation among members within the platform
- · Support LTS project structure creation (synergy)



Service Domain



• As a partner in collaborative innovation, we support clients in acquiring and enhancing business agility throughout the lifetime (all corporate stages and all growth phases) in a total (end to end and crossover) manner. We aim to go beyond being just a partner in corporate change to provide consulting services that serve as a foundation for social change.

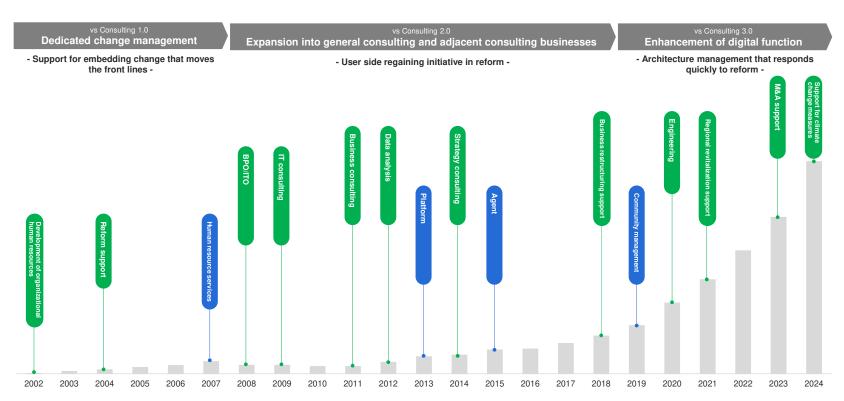
Acquisition and Enhancement of "business agility"

	Strategy & Innovation	Architecture & Digital	Social & Public	Platform & Network
Service development	Discontinuous growth design Collaborate with customers to develop and execute corporate and business strategies, linking them to subsequent initiatives.	Digital business establishment Support shifts in organizational capabilities and design business structures required for the future era.	Creation of foundation for affluent society Enhance administrative and NPO operational capabilities and promote public-private collaborations to realize a sustainable society.	Collaborative community operations Provide an ecosystem where IT providers (corporate/individual) and IT-utilizing companies solve challenges and collaborate for co-creation.
Scope of service provision	Enterprise	Enterprise	Government agencies / local governments NPO/NGO	SMBs (including venture companies) Freelance
Service lineup	Strategy establishment M&A Business creation/business revitalization	ConsultingData analysis/utilization of AISystem development and BPO/ITO	CSR/SDGs promotion Regional revitalization (business creation / human resource development) Public-private collaboration (industrial promotion / regional DX)	Matching platformSaaS platformProfessional staffing





Commit to customer growth as a customer-centered company, expanding support upstream, downstream, and around by
initiating with development of organizational human resources and reform support while addressing consulting challenges.



Lts

Publications

• LTS was among the first to advocate the concept of business agility and continues to raise awareness about the social issue of sluggish digital competitiveness

2015 2019 2021 2022 2023















Customer Co-Creation IT Business Based on Service Science

(Shoeisha)

Provides direction for successful completion of projects using service science.

Business Process Textbook

(Toyo Keizai)

Explains what business processes are, how to manage them, and more in an easy-to-understand manner

Process Visionary: Process Reform Leader for the Digital Era

(President)

Digital era companies explain all about business analysts, experts in operational improvement.

Business Agility: The Ability to Adapt to Change Required of Companies of the Future

(President)

Explains business agility, an ability that is essential for sustainable growth of companies amid uncertain business environments.

A Next-Generation Leader's Guide to Implementing Change: Overcome the Barriers of Awareness, Organization, and Management With a Middle-up Approach

(President)

Explains the role of middle management in bringing about change and taking companies to the next stage.

Business Process Textbook, 2nd Edition Business Architecture for a New Era Led by Empathy and Digital Technology

(Toyo Keizai)

Explains the business process management approach and mechanisms in an easy-to-understand manner.

Beginner's Introduction to DX

(Editorial supervision)

(Gentosha)

Explains that the essence of DX is reform and lays out the process for small and medium-sized enterprises to take the first step towards reform.

Directors



Hiroaki Kabashima

Representative Director President Executive Officer

In March 2002, he participated in the establishment of LTS and became Director. In December of the same year, he became President and Representative Director



Sungil Lee

Director Vice President and Executive Officer

In March 2002, he participated in the establishment of LTS and became Director. In January 2005, he became Director and Executive Vice President.



Yu Kamemoto

Director
Vice President and Executive Officer

General Manager of Strategy Consulting Business Headquarters

In October 2011, he joined the Company. In March 2019, he became Director, and in March 2024, he became Vice President and Executive Officer.



Ryosuke Ueno

Director Vice President and Executive Officer

General Manager of Digital Business Headquarters

In April 2008, he joined the Company. In March 2019, he became Director, and in March 2025, he became Vice President and Executive Officer.



Directors

Fumio Takemura

Outside Director (Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

After joining IBM Japan, Ltd., he served as Director and Executive Officer. Later, he served as Senior Managing Director of IBM Japan Services Company Ltd., President and Representative Director of JAL Information Technology Co., Ltd., Advisor to IBM Japan, Ltd., and Adjunct Lecturer at Tokyo City University Faculty of Knowledge Engineering. In March 2018, he became Statutory Auditor of LTS, and in March 2019, he became an Outside Director. In June 2022, he became Corporate Auditor of subsidiary WAKUTO, Inc. a subsidiary of LTS.



Naoki Takahashi

Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

After joining Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., he became licensed as an attorney at law in New York, USA, and joined White & Case LLP. Later, he served as Director and Senior Vice President at Coca-Cola (Japan) Company, Limited and IQ3 Inc. After working at American International Group, Inc., he became Director and Managing Executive Officer of AIG Japan Holdings Kabushiki Kaisha. In December 2016, he became Auditor of LTS and became an Outside Director in March 2019.



Akiko Kawazoe

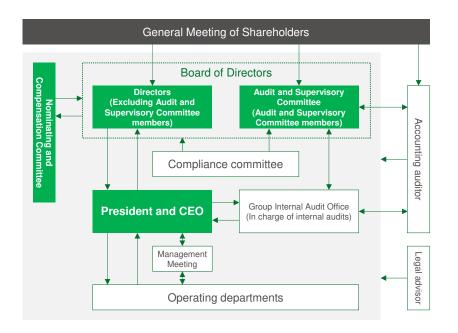
Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

After joining Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, she became a certified public accountant and established Akiko Kawazoe CPA Office. Later, after working at Recruit Administration Co., Ltd. (Recruit Co., Ltd.), she became an employee of Hikari Audit Corporation in 2014. In March 2024, she became an Outside of Director of LTS



Corporate Governance Structure

 We consider strengthening of corporate governance to be an important management issue and are working on the necessary measures in order to expand our corporate value, ensure our continued existence, and contribute to society



Efforts to date

- Transition to company with audit and supervisory committee
- Increased number of outside directors
- Establishment of Nominating and Compensation Committee
- Disclosure of summaries of financial results and briefing material in English
- Analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of Board of Directors utilizing third-party agency

Themes being considered for future efforts

- Ensuring of diversity of Board of Directors
- Establishment and implementation of succession plan for chief executive officer

Disclaimer and Note



Disclaimer

- LTS, Inc. ("the Company") provides financial information, management indicators, and other information only as a reference. No representations or warranties are made, express or implied, with regard to the content herein.
- The Company prepared this material using current generally known information about social and economic conditions and certain assumptions that we deemed to be reasonable. The information found in this material is subject to change without notice due to changes in business conditions or for other reasons.

Note on Forward-Looking Statements

- The material and information provided with this announcement contain forward-looking statements. These
 forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions that are subject to
 risks and include uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ substantially from these statements.
- These risks and uncertainties include general industry and market conditions as well as general Japanese and international economic conditions such as changes in interest rates and exchange rates.
- The Company has no obligation to update or correct the forward-looking statements contained in this material, regardless of any new information, future events, etc.



End of File